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Configuring LDAP on z/VM and Linux

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IBM DESTINATION z

Presentation Materials

- SHARE Proceedings
- http://www.linuxvm.org
- http://sites.google.com/site/rsmrcina/presentations

Agenda

- Background
- General Configuration
- LDAP Startup
- LDAP Checkout
- Setting up Linux on System z to work/play in this environment
  - Load Schemas
  - Setup Admin Access
  - Using z/VM LDAP with Linux
  - Browsing the LDAP Directory
- Other software
  - SugarCRM
  - z/VSE LDAP Client
  - Browsing/Editing Tools
  - Monitoring

Background

- This session is a companion to 9241 '*Securing Linux with RACF on z/VM*' by Alan Altmark
  - We will get into more details about the configuration of LDAP
  - But will not discuss/teach LDAP concepts
- Delivered with z/VM
  - Currently based on IBM Tivoli Directory Server (ITDS) for z/OS 1.10
  - ITDS 1.8 with z/VM 5.3

Background

- Provides
  - Multiple database backends
  - Version 2 and 3 client capability
  - CRAM-MD5, DIGEST-MD5 authentication, Simple authentication
  - Referrals, aliases, directory information access controls
  - Change Logging
  - Client and Server authentication using SSL (V3) and TLS (V1)

Background

- LDBM Backend
  - Simplest setup
  - Can perform authentication and password modification with the z/VM RACF Security Server
  - Stores directory information in the Byte File System
  - Keeps it in memory while the LDAP server is running
- SDBM Backend
  - Provides more comprehensive interface to the z/VM RACF Security Server
  - Allows password and password phrases verified by RACF
- GDBM Backend
  - Used for auditing changes to LDAP server

General Configuration

- TCP/IP Profile

```
PORT
    389   TCP   LDAPSRV              ; LDAP Server
    636   TCP   LDAPSRV  NOAUTOLOG   ; LDAP Server (Secure)

AUTOLOG
    LDAPSRV  0

OBEY
    LDAPSRV
ENDOBEY
```

- The sample profile that comes with z/VM already provides these statements

General Configuration

- LDAP parameters in DTCPARMS

```
:nick.LDAPSRV   :Type.server      :Class.ldap
:nick.ldap      :Type.class
                :ESM_Enable.
                :ESM_Racroute.
                :ESM_Validate.
                :Mixedcaseparms.
                :Mount.
                :Parms.
```

- If using the SDBM backend
  (or the LDBM backend with RACF), specify YES for ESM_Enable
  - Other ESM options can then default

General Configuration

- The mount tag is used to set up the ROOT file space for the LDAP server in the BFS
- Use the Parms tag to pass any additional parameters to the LDAP server
  - A different configuration file (the default is DS CONF)
  - Debugging options
  - Listening URL
  - Maintenance mode

General Configuration

- Default values from 'IBM DTCPARMS'

```
:nick.ldap      :type.class
                :name.LDAP daemon
                :command.LDAPSRV
                :runtime.C
                :memory.128M
                :mixedcaseparms.YES
                :mount. /../VMBFS:VMSYS:ROOT/    /   ,
                        /../VMBFS:VMSYS:         /var/ldap
                :ESM_Enable.NO
                :ESM_Racroute.LDAPESM
```

General Configuration

- The LDAP server runs in the LDAPSRV virtual machine by default
- A different machine or additional machine(s) can be used
- A few caveats...
  - Directory Entry
  - BFS File Space creation and proper BFS permissions
  - Mount entry for additional server
  - Parms value to indicate a new listening port

General Configuration

- The LDAP Server uses the Byte File System to store
  - Message catalog files
  - Schema databases and other files for the LDBM and GDBM backends
  - Locations are tailorable
- ! Tip: Make sure the SFS file servers come up before TCP/IP
- The Message catalog files are stored in the ROOT file space
- The Schema databases are stored in the LDAP server users file space (default LDAPSRV)

General Configuration

- Two Configuration files
  - DS CONF – Primary Operational Parameters
  - DS ENVVARS – Environment Variables
- Copy samples from TCPMAINTs 591 disk to the 198 disk
  - LDAP-DS SCONFIG ----- > DS CONF
  - LDAP-DS SAMPENVR -----> DS ENVVARS

General Configuration

- Tailoring the configuration files
- DS CONF on TCPMAINTs 198
- A different name can be used
  - Indicate this with the -f flag on the LDAPSRV startup PARMS
- Contains four sections
  - Global section
  - LDBM section
  - SDBM section
  - GDBM section

General Configuration

- In the Global Section
  - Set `adminDN` to the Distinguished Name of the administrator

```
adminDN "cn=Admin"
```

  - Set the administrator password

```
adminPW secret
```

- In the LDBM Section
  - Uncomment the `database` keyword

```
database LDBM GLDBLD31
```

  - Uncomment the `suffix` keyword and change the Distinguished Name

```
suffix "ou=vm,dc=VMAssist,dc=com"
```

General Configuration

- Tailoring the Environment Variables
- DS ENVVARS on TCPMAINTs 198 disk
- Read only at LDAP server startup time
- The following can be customized
  - Message logging options
    - Severity
    - End of an operation
    - Microseconds on timestamp
    - Summary records
  - Timezone
  - Debugging options
  - Trace output file
  - Error messages output
  - Environment variables filename

LDAP Startup

- Log on to LDAPSRV
- Starts up like any other TCP/IP service on z/VM

```
DTCRUN1011I Server started at 10:47:17 on 10 Dec 2008 (Wednesday)
DTCRUN1011I Running server command: LDAPSRV
DTCRUN1011I No parameters in use
DTCLDP2106I Debug setting: 0
DTCLDP2107I Using server configuration file: DS CONF D1
DTCLDP2107I Using environment variable file: DS ENVVARS D1
DTCLDP2107I Using server module: GLDSRV31 MODULE E2
081210 16:47:18.476413 GLD1003I LDAP server is starting.
081210 16:47:18.480935 GLD1001I LDAP server version 3.18, Service level
OA20193, Build date Jun 25 2007, Time 23:43:43.
081210 16:47:18.481765 GLD1002I LDAP runtime version 3.18, Service
level OA19849, Build date Mar 22 2007, Time 23:25:52.
081210 16:47:18.873245 GLD1023I Processing configuration
file //DD:CONFIG.
081210 16:47:19.936295 GLD1024I Configuration file //DD:CONFIG
processed.

Server Configuration
adminDN: cn=Admin
```

LDAP Startup

```
adminDN: cn=Admin
adminPW: *configured*
allowAnonymousBinds: on
armName: GLDSRVR
audit 1: off
commThreads: 10
db2Terminate: recover
dnCacheSize: 1000
idleConnectionTimeout: 0
listen 1: ldap://:389
logfile: /etc/ldap/gldlog.output
maxConnections: 65535
pcIdleConnectionTimeout: 0
pcThreads: 10
schemaPath: /var/ldap/schema
schemaReplaceByValue: on
securityLabel: off
sendV3StringsOverV2As: UTF-8
serverEtherAddr: 402094000001
serverSysplexGroup: undefined
sizeLimit: 500
srvStartUpError: terminate
supportKrb5: off
```

```
tcpTerminate: recover
timeLimit: 3600
validateIncomingV2Strings: on
database LDBM GLDBLD31 LDBM-0001
changeLoggingParticipant: on
commitCheckpointEntries: 10000
commitCheckpointTOD: 00:00
databaseDirectory: /var/ldap/ldbm
extendedGroupSearching: off
fileTerminate: recover
filterCacheBypassLimit: 100
filterCacheSize: 5000
krbIdentityMap: off
multiServer: off
nativeAuthSubtree: all
nativeUpdateAllowed: off
persistentSearch: off
pwEncryption: none
pwCryptCompat: on
readOnly: off
secretEncryption: none
```

LDAP Startup


```
sizeLimit: 500
suffix 1: ou=vm,dc=vmassist,dc=com
timeLimit: 3600
useNativeAuth: off
081210 16:47:24.252327 GLD1191I LDAP server auditing is not available.
081210 16:47:24.965361 GLD1074W Maximum client connections changed from
65535 to 65523.
081210 16:47:25.032070 GLD1004I LDAP server is ready for requests.
081210 16:47:26.090196 GLD1059I Listening for requests on 192.168.1.50
port 389.

081210 16:47:26.163836 GLD1059I Listening for requests on 192.168.202.1
port 389.

081210 16:47:26.177932 GLD1059I Listening for requests on 127.0.0.1
port 389.
```

LDAP Checkout

- Netstat output

```
VM TCP/IP Netstat Level 530

Active IPv4 Transmission Blocks:

User Id  Conn    Local Socket            Foreign Socket          State
-------- ----    ------------            --------------          -----
FTPSERVE 1003    *..FTP-C                *..*                    Listen
INTCLIEN 1000    *..TELNET               *..*                    Listen
INTCLIEN 1004    192.168.1.50..TELNET    192.168.1.102..53609    Established
INTCLIEN 1007    192.168.1.50..TELNET    192.168.1.102..44514    Established
INTCLIEN 1012    192.168.1.50..TELNET    192.168.1.102..50912    Established
PERFSVM  1005    *..81                   *..*                    Listen
PERFSVM  1002    192.168.1.50..81        192.168.1.102..44455    Established
PERFSVM  1006    192.168.1.50..81        192.168.1.102..44456    Established
SNMPD    UDP     192.168.1.50..161       *..*                     UDP
SNMPD    UDP     192.168.202.1..161      *..*                     UDP
SNMPD    1001    *..1024                 *..*                    Listen
LDAPSRV  1008    192.168.1.50..389       *..*                    Listen
LDAPSRV  1009    192.168.202.1..389      *..*                    Listen
LDAPSRV  1010    127.0.0.1..389          *..*                    Listen
```

LDAP Checkout

```
pwd
/var/ldap
#
ls -lR

.:
total 0
drwxr-----   1 ldapsrv  system           0 Dec 10 16:47 ldbm
drwxr-----   1 ldapsrv  system           0 Dec 10 18:45 schema

./ldbm:
total 16
-rw-r-----   1 ldapsrv  system          45 Dec 10 16:16 LDBM-1.db
-rw-r-----   1 ldapsrv  system          37 Dec 10 16:47 LDBM.ckpt

./schema:
total 424
-rw-r-----   1 ldapsrv  system      216015 Dec 10 18:45 schema.db
#
```

LDAP Checkout

- Issuing LDAP Commands from CMS requires the use of characters that CP will remove from the command
  - eg: “”, @
- We need to tell CP to not perform line editing when we issue LDAP commands

```
CP SET LINEDIT OFF
```

...or...

```
CP TERMINAL ESCAPE OFF    (for the double quotes)
CP TERMINAL CHARDEL OFF   (for the at sign)
```

LDAP Checkout

- Test access to the server
- LDAP utilities are provided for use in CMS
  - ldapsearch (LDAPSRCH), ldapadd (LDAPADD), ldapmodify (LDAPMDFY), ldapcompare (LDAPCMPR), ldapdelete (LDAPDLET), ldapmodrdn (LDAPMRDN)
- We will use the LDAPSRCH command

```
ldapsrch -h 127.0.0.1 -w secret -s base -b "ou=vm,dc=VMAssist,dc=com"
"objectclass=*"
ldap_search: No such object
ldap_search: additional info: R004071 DN 'ou=vm,dc=vmassist,dc=com' does not
exist (ldbm_process_request)
```

- ...the database is empty

LDAP Checkout

- The same command from Linux

```
> ldapsearch -h 192.168.1.50 -x -w secret -s base -b
"ou=vm,dc=VMAssist,dc=com" "objectclass=*"
# extended LDIF
#
# LDAPv3
# base <ou=vm,dc=vmassist,dc=com> with scope subtree
# filter: objectclass=*
# requesting: ALL
#

# search result
search: 2
result: 32 No such object
text: R004071 DN 'ou=vm,dc=vmassist,dc=com' does not exist
(ldbm_process_request)

# numResponses: 1
```

- ... the database is empty

Load schema

- Schema is the definition of objects and their characteristics
  - eg: the rules that must be followed to form a telephone number
- Required for LDBM backend only
- Link and access TCPMAINTs 591 and 592 disks

```
ldapmdfy -h 127.0.0.1 -D "cn=Admin" -w secret -f //USRSCHEM.LDIF -u on
ldapmdfy -h 127.0.0.1 -D "cn=Admin" -w secret -f //IBMSCHEM.LDIF -u on
```

- A single line of output while the command is running

  ```
  modifying entry cn=schema
  ```

- No error messages indicate a successful execution

Additional Schema

- Provides the LDAP posixAccount object class
  - Allows the use of uidnumber, gidnumber, homedirectory, etc
- Described in *Security on z/VM* redbook
  - SG24-7471
- Get the schema from
  - ftp://www.redbooks.ibm.com/redbooks/REDP0221/nisSchema.2.ldif
- Upload file to z/VM
- Modify line 5
  - From “dn:cn=schema, <suffix>” to “dn:cn=schema”
- Update schema on the LDAP Server

```
ldapmdfy -h 127.0.0.1 -D cn=Admin -w secret -f //NISSCHEM.LDIF -u on
modifying entry cn=schema
```

Setup admin access

- In this simple setup the administrator will be a user called 'Admin'
- Create an **L**DAP **D**ata **I**nterchange **F**ormat file (**LDIF**)
  - A sample exists as SAMPSERV LDIF on TCPMAINTs 591 disk
  - The first two entries of the file were used as examples in the following scenario

Setup admin access

- In a file called ADMIN LDIF

```
dn: ou=vm, dc=vmassist, dc=com
objectclass: top
objectclass: organizationalUnit
ou: vm

dn: cn=Admin, ou=vm, dc=vmassist, dc=com
objectclass: top
objectclass: person
objectclass: organizationalPerson
cn: LDAP Administrator
sn: Administrator
userPassword: secret
```

File actually contains two entries

- One to add the organizational unit (ou=vm, dc=vmassist,dc=com)
- The other to add the adminstrator (cn=Admin)

Setup admin access

- Use `ldapadd` to insert the entries into the LDBM database

```
ldapadd -h 127.0.0.1 -w secret -D "cn=Admin" -f //admin.ldif
adding new entry ou=vm, dc=vmassist, dc=com

adding new entry cn=Admin, ou=vm, dc=vmassist, dc=com

Ready; T=0.22/0.30 10:43:06
```

- Edit DS CONF to change the adminDN and remove the adminPW

```
adminDN "cn=Admin, ou=vm, dc=VMAssist, dc=com"
#adminPW secret
```

- Turn off anonymous binds (optionally)
- Restart the LDAP Server
  - The new adminDN comes out in the configuration summary

Setup admin access

- Use ldapsrch to check on the LDAPSRV entry just made

```
ldapsrch -h 127.0.0.1 -D "cn=Admin,ou=vm,dc=vmassist,dc=com" -w
secret -b "ou=vm,dc=vmassist,dc=com" "(cn=Admin)"
cn=Admin, ou=vm, dc=vmassist, dc=com
objectclass=top
objectclass=person
objectclass=organizationalPerson
cn=LDAP Administrator
cn=Admin
sn=Administrator
userpassword=secret
```

Using z/VM LDAP with Linux

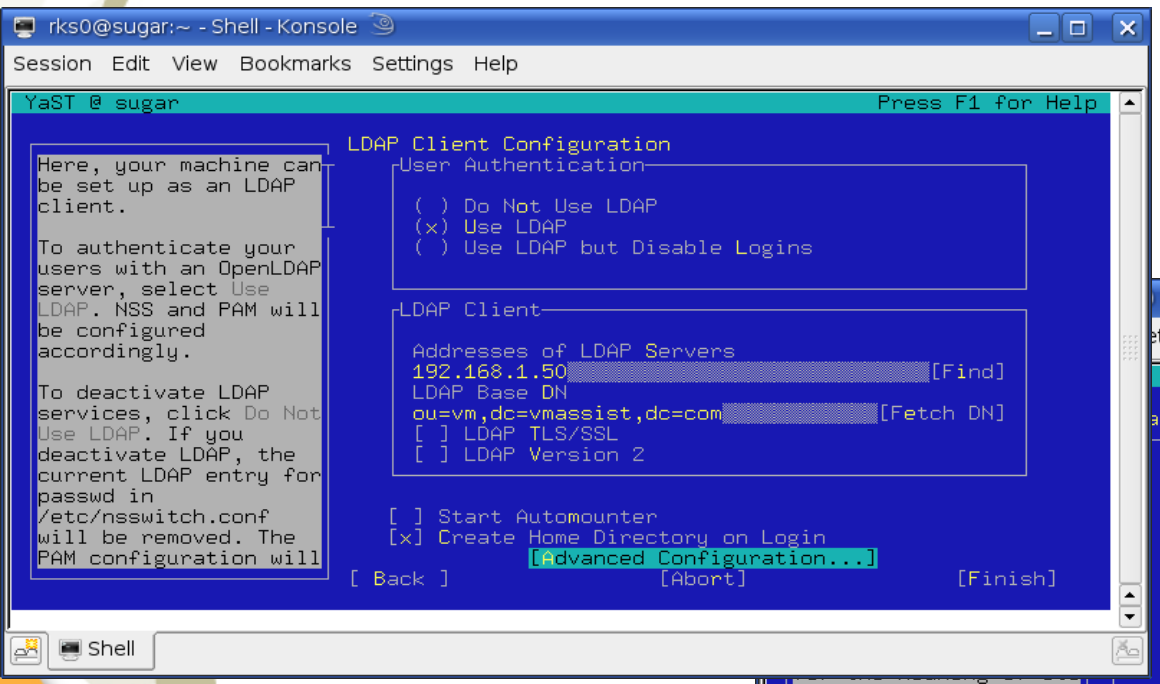
- LDAP provides a way to keep a repository of security information in a centralized place
  - Previously this could have been done with NIS
- The LDAP Server running on z/VM
  - Brings the power and capabilities of RACF to security management on Linux
  - LDAP clients (virtual machines or real machines) can authenticate with RACF
  - Passwords can be synchronized with z/VM

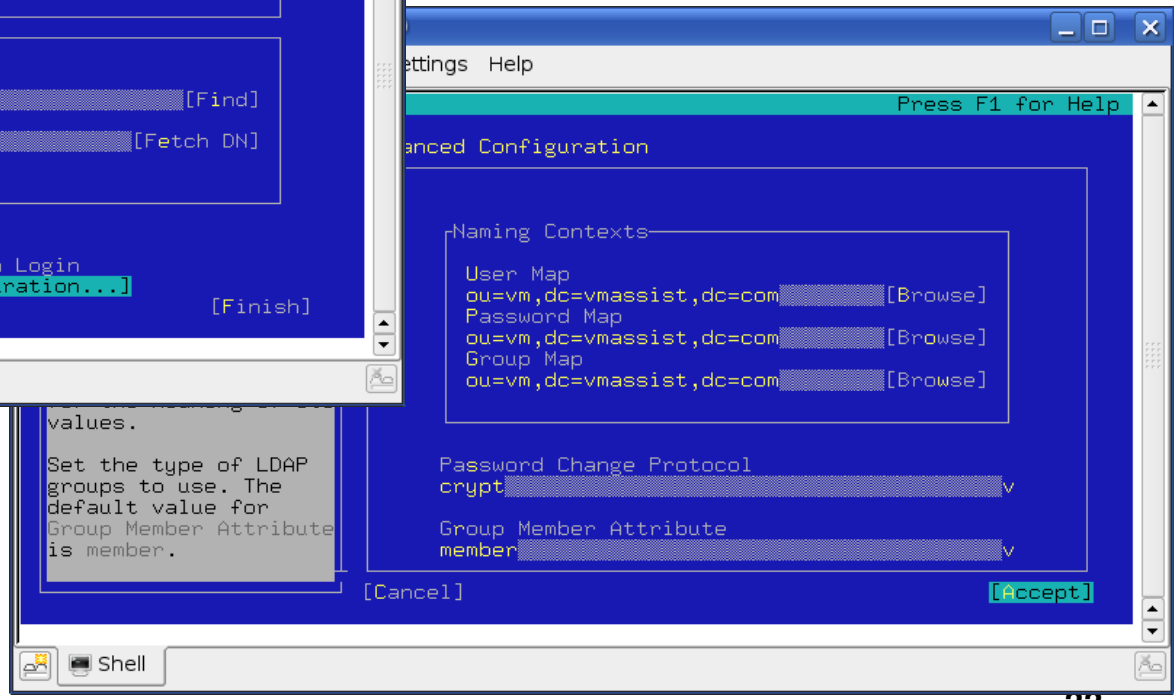
Using z/VM LDAP with Linux

- Prerequisite software
  - openldap2-client, pam-ldap, nss-ldap, +32-bit versions and yast2-ldap
- While configuring the LDAP client, if the prereq software is not installed, YaST will perform the install automatically

Using z/VM LDAP with Linux

- Configure LDAP client with YaST





Using z/VM LDAP with Linux

- Review /etc/ldap.conf

```
host    192.168.1.50
base    ou=vm,dc=vmassist,dc=com
ldap_version    3
bind_policy     soft
binddn  cn=LDAPSRV,o=VMAssist,c=US
bindpw  ********
pam_lookup_policy       yes
pam_password    crypt
ssl     no
nss_map_attribute       uniqueMember member
pam_filter      objectclass=posixAccount
tls_checkpeer   no
```

Using z/VM LDAP with Linux

- YaST should reconfigure several other files
  - /etc/nsswitch.conf, /etc/security/, /etc/pam.d/
  - YaST's modifications needed tweaking
- In /etc/nsswitch.conf
  - The following entries should be modified

```
passwd:  files ldap
group:   files ldap
```

  - Remove the lines

```
passwd_compat:  ldap
group_compat:   ldap
```

- In /etc/security/pam_unix2.conf
  - Remove the `ldap` values from

```
auth:
account:
password:
```

  - Leave the lines in place

Using z/VM LDAP with Linux

- In /etc/pam.d/common-auth
  - Insert

```
auth      sufficient      pam_ldap.so
```

  - Before

```
auth      required        pam_unix2.so
```

- In /etc/pam.d/common-account
  - Insert

```
account   sufficient      pam_ldap.so
```

  - Before

```
account   required        pam_unix2.so
```

Using z/VM LDAP with Linux

- In /etc/pam.d/common-password
  - Insert

```
password    sufficient      pam_ldap.so
```

  - Before

```
password    required        pam_unix2.so
```

- In /etc/pam.d/common-session
  - Insert

```
session     sufficient      pam_ldap.so
```

  - Before

```
session     required        pam_unix2.so
```

- These files are *included* by PAM service configuration files in the same directory (login, ssh, passwd)

Using z/VM LDAP with Linux

- Create LDIF file to add Linux user to LDBM database

```
dn: cn=RKS1,ou=vm,dc=VMAssist,dc=US
objectclass: person
objectclass: posixAccount
description: Rich Smrcina
telephoneNumber: 414-491-6001
uidnumber: 2000
gidnumber: 100
uid: rks1
homedirectory: /home/rks1
loginshell: /bin/bash
cn: Rich
sn: Smrcina
userPassword: secret
```

- Add the entry

```
ldapadd -h 127.0.0.1 -w secret -D "cn=admin,ou=vm,dc=VMAssist,dc=US"
 -f //rks1.ldif
adding new entry cn=RKS1, ou=vm, dc=VMAssist, dc=US
```

Using z/VM LDAP with Linux


```
rks0@laptop:~> telnet 192.168.202.17
Trying 192.168.202.17...
Connected to 192.168.202.17.
Escape character is '^]'.
Welcome to SUSE Linux Enterprise Server 10 SP2 (s390x) - Kernel
2.6.16.60-0.21-default (1).

sugar login: rks1
Password:
Creating directory '/home/rks1'.
Creating directory '/home/rks1/.fonts'.
Creating directory '/home/rks1/.mozilla'.
Creating directory '/home/rks1/.xemacs'.
Creating directory '/home/rks1/bin'.
Creating directory '/home/rks1/Documents'.
Creating directory '/home/rks1/public_html'.
rks1@sugar:~> pwd
/home/rks1
rks1@sugar:~> id
uid=2000(rks1) gid=100(users) groups=100(users)
```

Using z/VM LDAP with Linux


```
rks0@desktop:~> ssh rks1@192.168.202.17
Password:
rks1@sugar:~> id
uid=2000(rks1) gid=100(users) groups=100(users)
rks1@sugar:~> ll
total 12
drwxr-xr-x 2 rks1 users 4096 2009-01-05 11:43 bin
drwxr-xr-x 2 rks1 users 4096 2009-01-05 11:43 Documents
drwxr-xr-x 2 rks1 users 4096 2009-01-05 11:43 public_html
```

Using z/VM LDAP with Linux

- The vsftpd pam configuration file does not participate in the 'common' configuration that is made available by SUSE
- It will need to be modified manually in order to authenticate with LDAP
- In /etc/pam.d/vsftpd
  - Insert

```
auth     sufficient     pam_ldap.so
```

  - Before

```
auth     required       pam_unix2.so
```

  - Insert

```
account  sufficient     pam_ldap.so
```

  - Before

```
account  required       pam_unix2.so
```

Using z/VM LDAP with Linux

```
rks0@laptop:~> ftp 192.168.202.17
Connected to 192.168.202.17.
220 (vsFTPd 2.0.4)
Name (192.168.202.17:rks0): rks1
331 Please specify the password.
Password:
230 Login successful.
Remote system type is UNIX.
Using binary mode to transfer files.
ftp> pwd
257 "/home/rks1"
```

Log file entry from FTP login

```
Jan  5 12:05:33 sugar vsftpd: Mon Jan  5 12:05:33 2009 [pid 18459]
[rks1] OK LOGIN: Client "192.168.1.101"
```

Browsing the LDAP Directory

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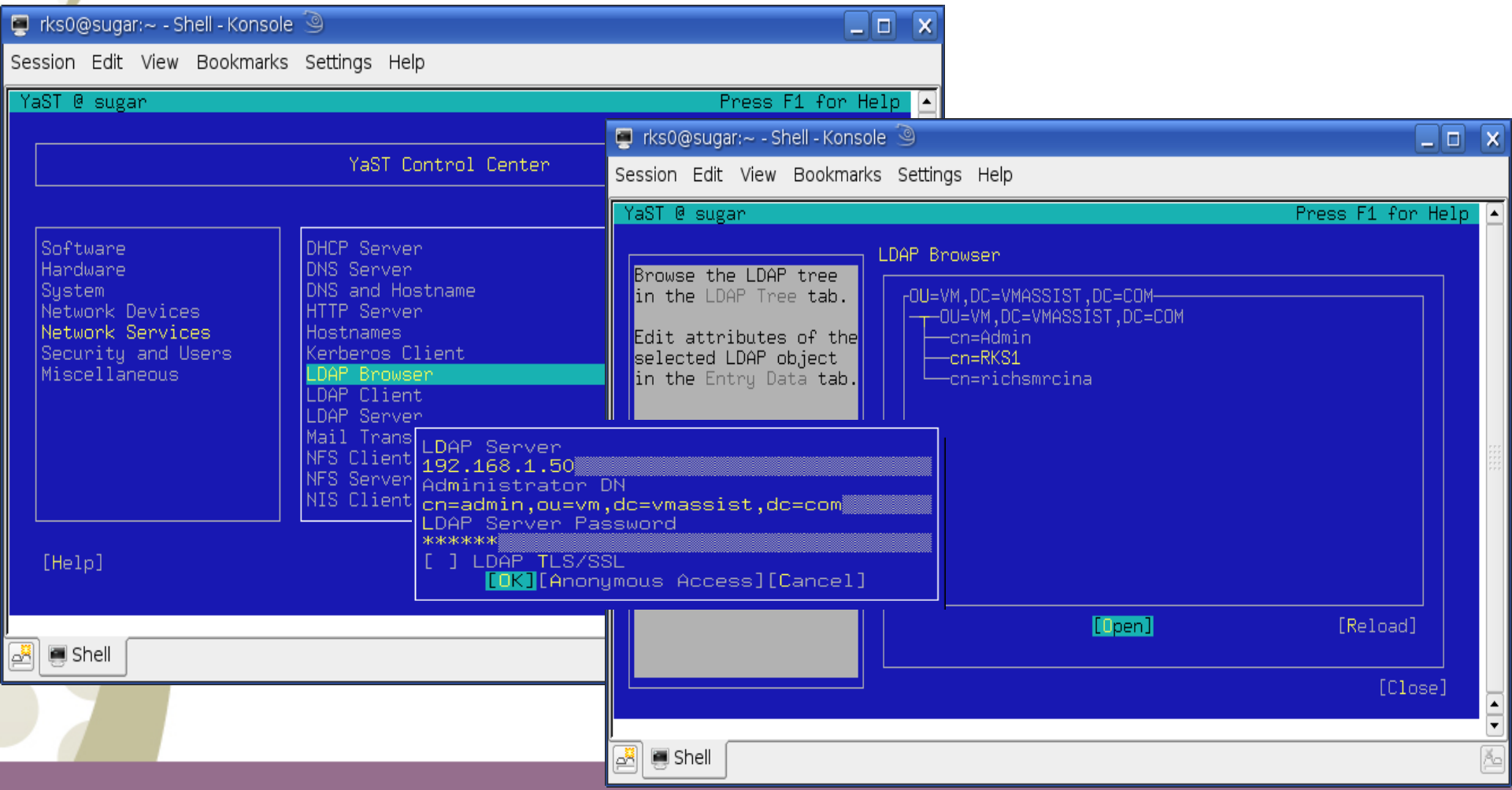
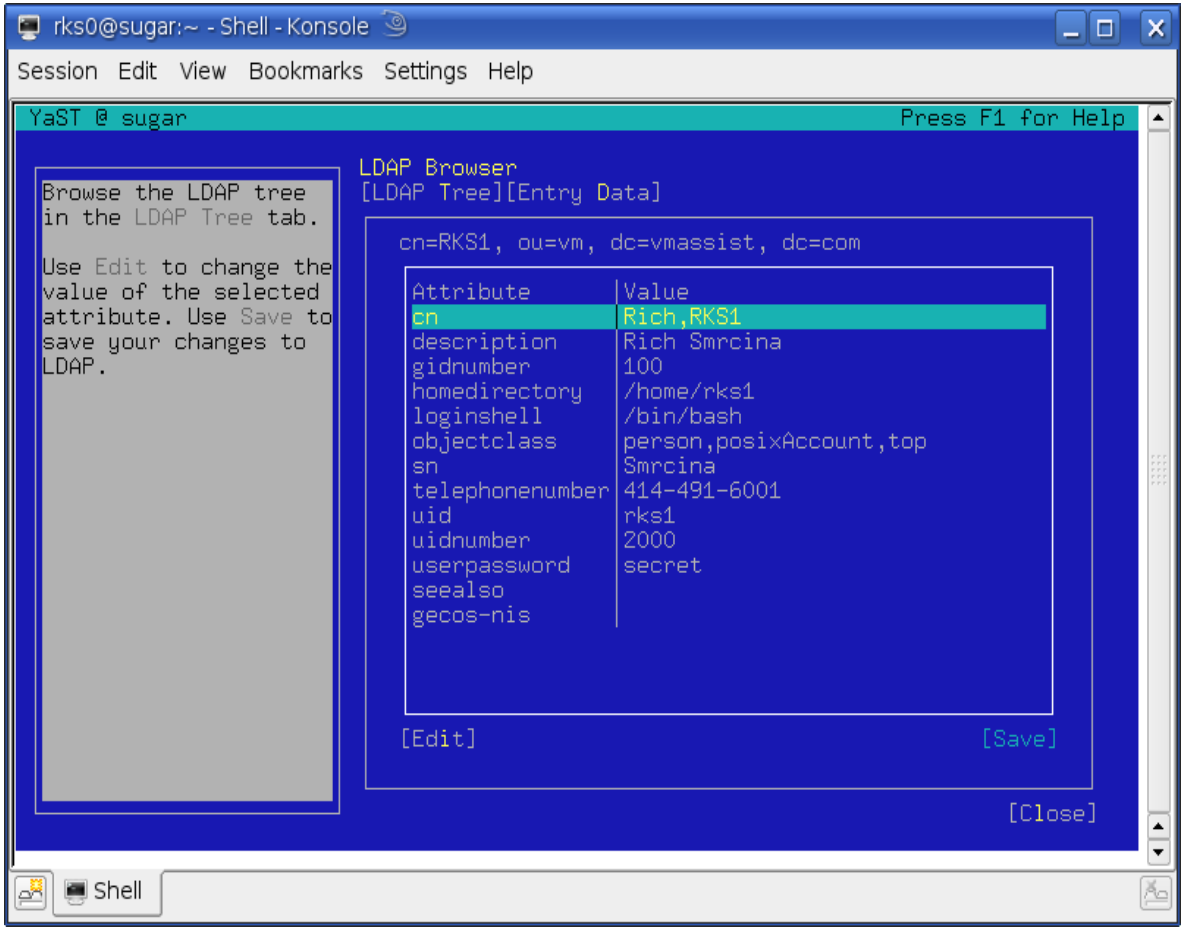
- With YaST



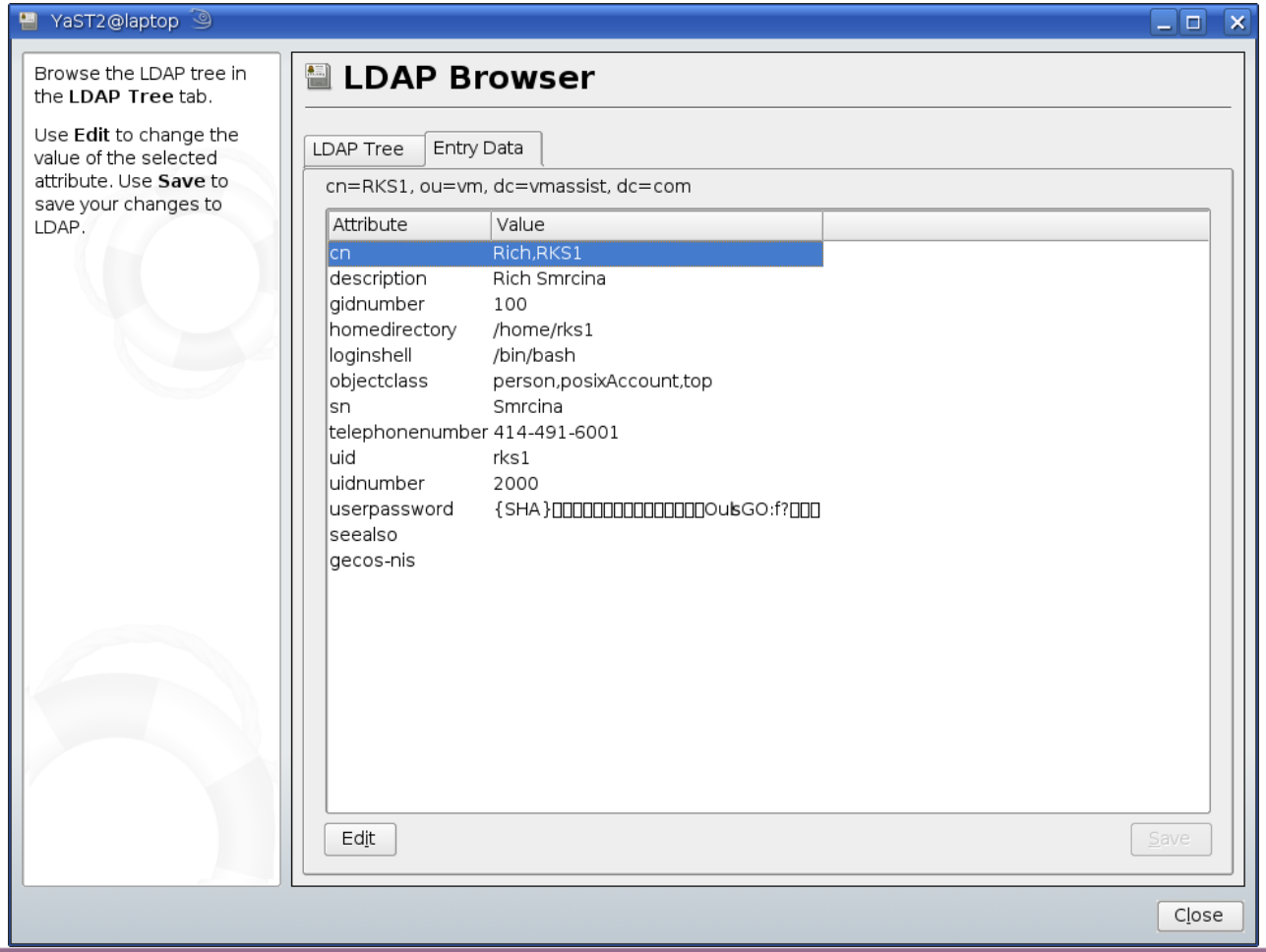
Browsing the LDAP Directory

- With YaST



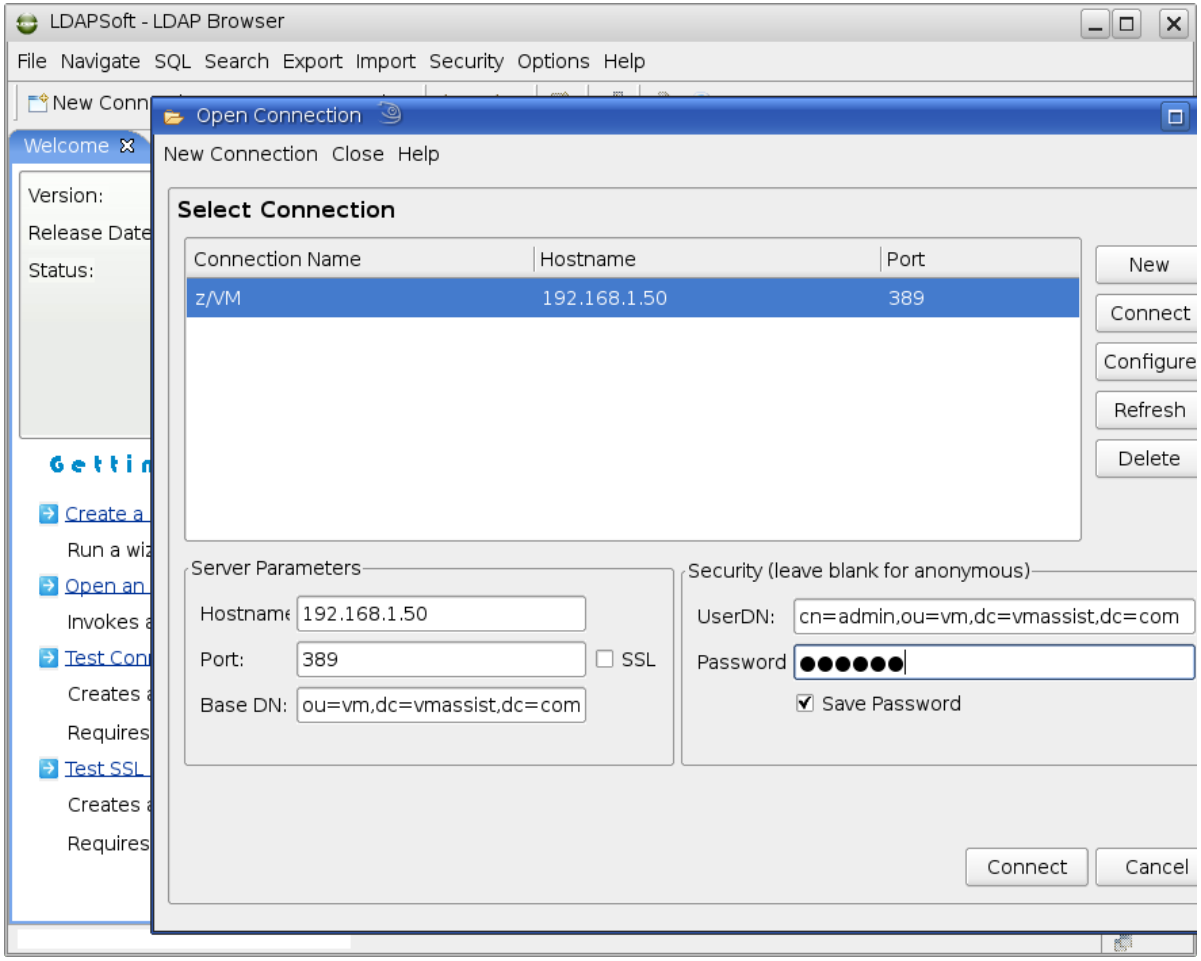
Browsing the LDAP Directory

- With YaST2



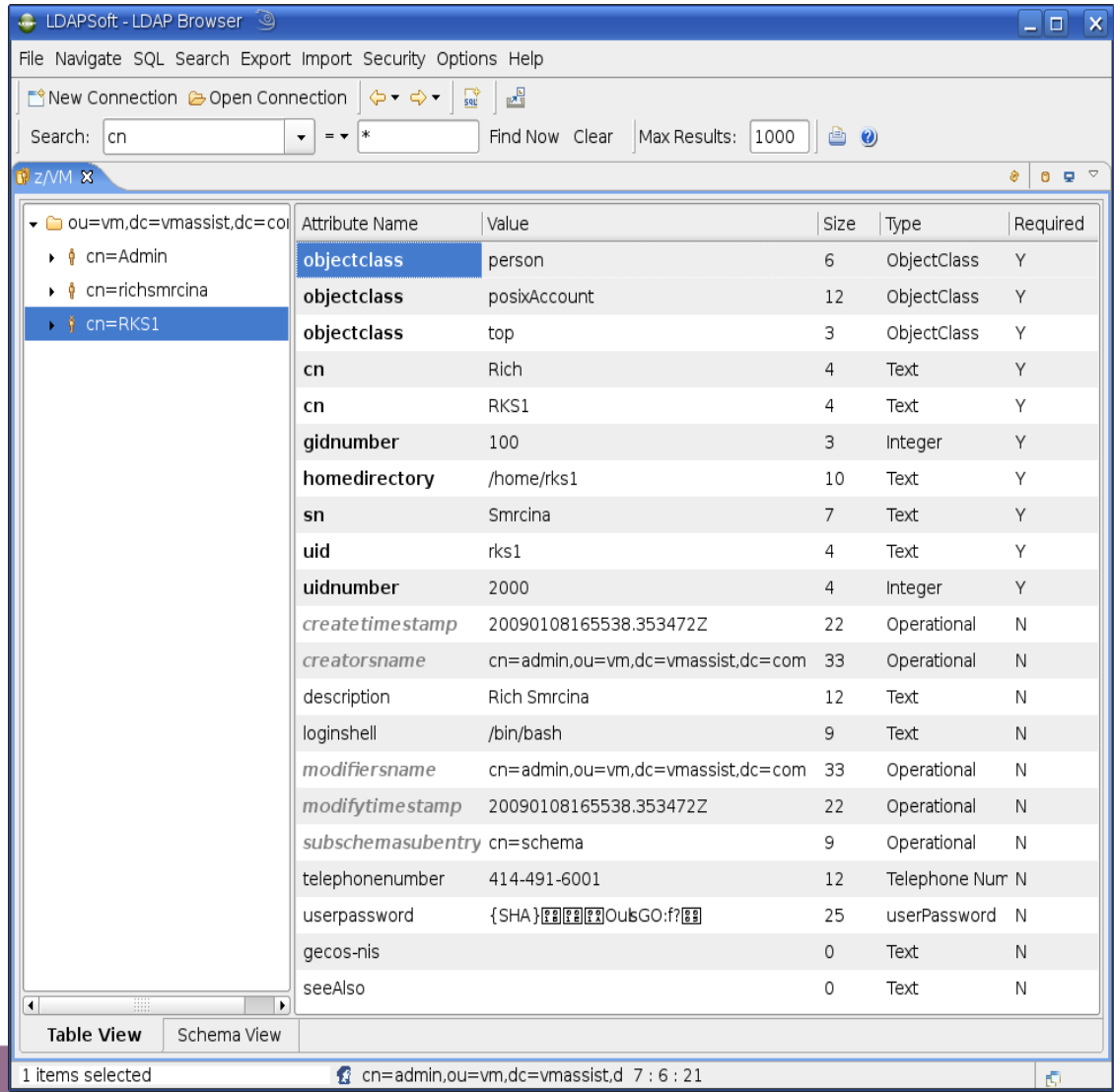
Browsing the LDAP Directory

- *LDAP Browser* from LDAPSoft (http://www.ldapsoft.com)



Browsing the LDAP Directory

- Comes in Windows and Linux flavors
- Provides an SQL interface and LDIF import and export
- A commercial product is available that provides editing



Password exposure

- Default configuration is to not encrypt the password

uid	rks1
uidnumber	2000
userpassword	secret
seealso	

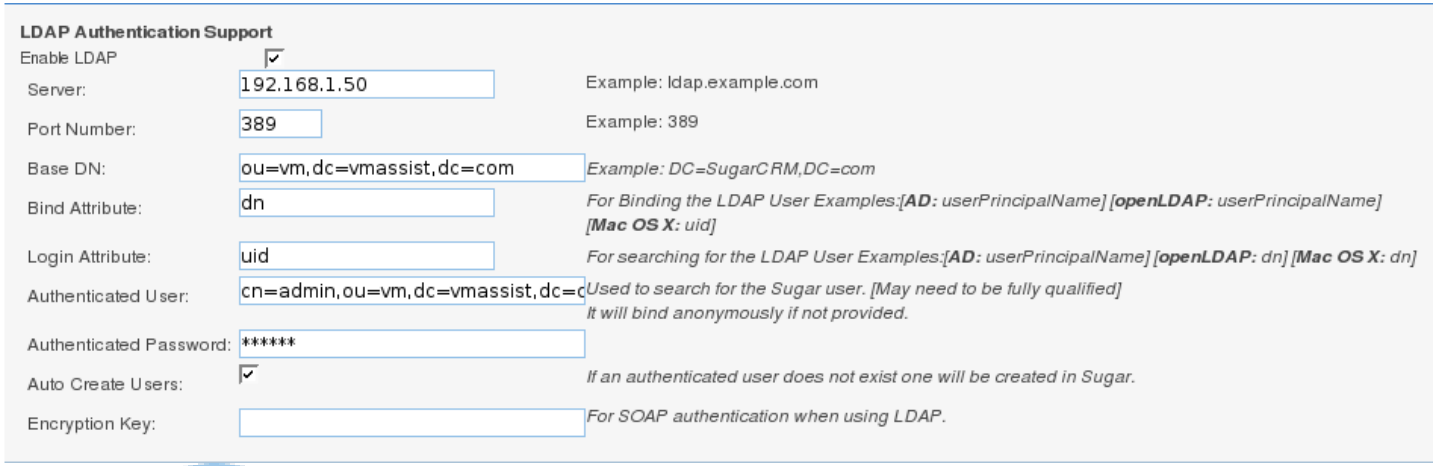
- To prevent the viewing of passwords while browsing the LDAP directory the server provides various ways to encrypt stored passwords
  - crypt, MD5, SHA, DES and AES
- In the LDBM section, the pwEncryption option determines the method used to encrypt the password

```
pwEncryption SHA
```

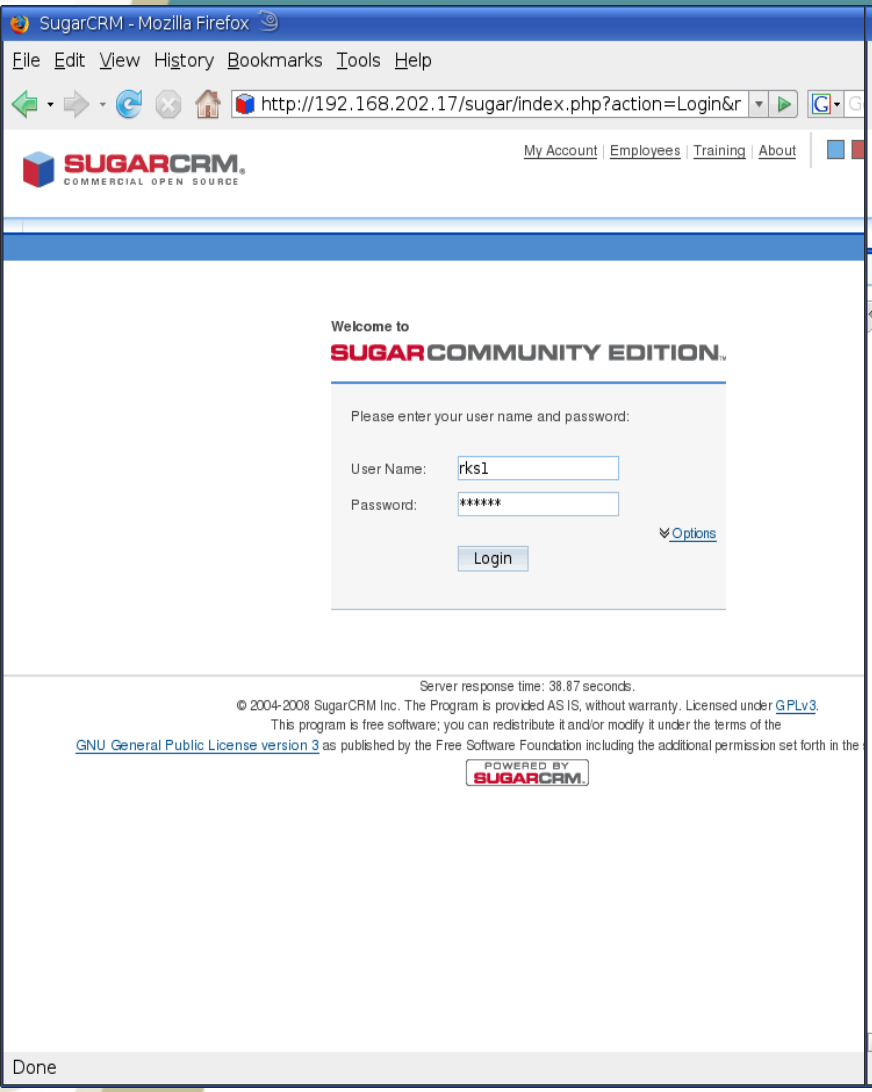
uid	rks1
uidnumber	2000
userpassword	{SHA}□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□OulsGO:f?□□□
seealso	

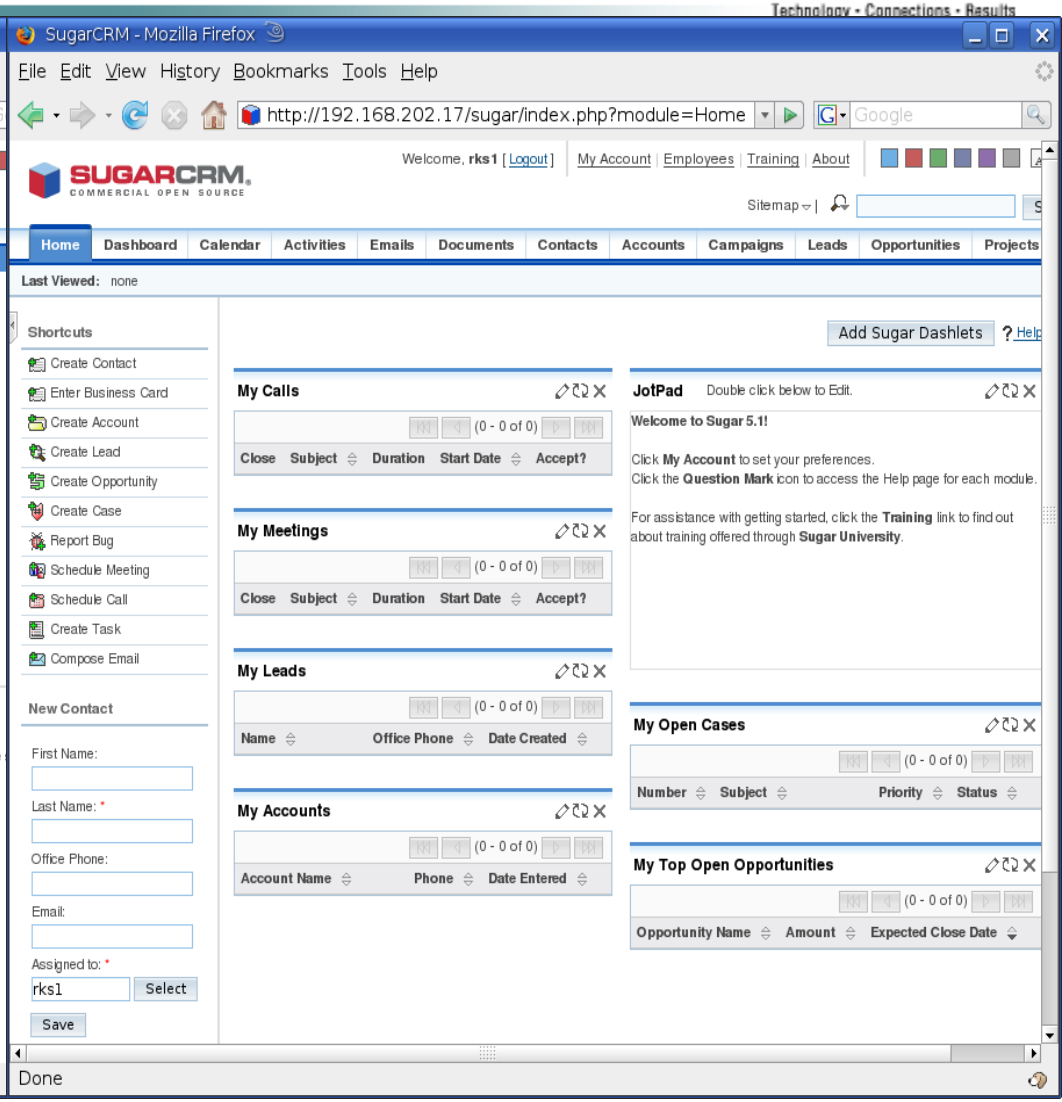
Setting up other software - SugarCRM

- SugarCRM is an open source customer resource management (CRM) package
- It uses the LAMP (**L**inux, **A**pache, **M**ySQL, **P**HP) software stack
- Sugar offers an LDAP authentication option
  - In System Settings



Setting up other software - SugarCRM





Setting up other software - z/VSE LDAP Client

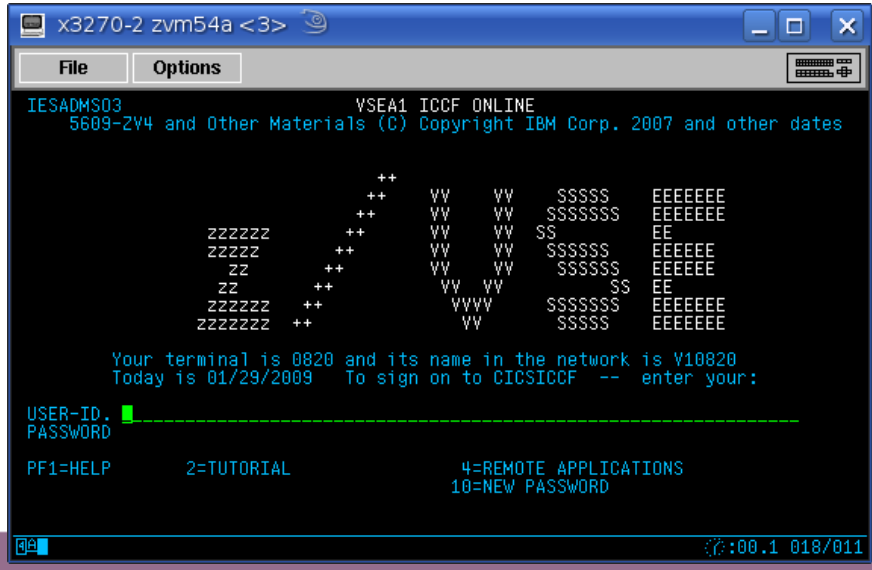
- An LDAP Client is delivered starting with z/VSE 4.2
- Provides an alternate signon program
  - Allows userids and passwords up to 64 characters
  - Lets the LDAP Server control identity management and security policies for z/VSE
- Sample provided as SKLDCFG

```
LDAP_SERVERS        DC      CL256'192.168.202.1:389'
BIND_DN             DC      CL64'cn=admin,ou=vm,dc=vmassist,dc=com'
BIND_PWD            DC      CL64'secret'
USER_ATTRIBUTE      DC      CL64'cn'
BASE_DN             DC      CL64'ou=vm,dc=vmassist,dc=com'
```

Setting up other software - z/VSE LDAP Client

- A mapping file is used to map long userids to short userids
- A utility is provided to populate the mapping file

```
// EXEC IESLDUMA
ID USER='RKS0' PWD='PASS'
ADD LDAPUSER='rsmrcina' TYPE=LDAP DESC='Richard Smrcina' -
    VSEUSER='RKS0' VSEPWD='PASS'
ADD LDAPUSER='richsmrcina' TYPE=LDAP DESC='Richard Smrcina' -
    VSEUSER='RKS1' VSEPWD='PASS'
/*
```



Monitoring

- LDAP Server keep statistics during it's operation
- An LDAP Search can be used to collect the statistics

```
ldapsrch -h 127.0.0.1 -s base -b cn=monitor "(objectclass=*)"
```

- Monitor stats can also be collected using SMSG

```
SMSG LDAPSRV DISPLAY MONITOR
```

- Stats can be reset via SMSG

```
SMSG LDAPSRV RESET MONITOR
```

- Statistics are not available over SNMP

Monitoring

- Format of the statistics

```
ldapsrch -h 127.0.0.1 -s base -b cn=monitor "(objectclass=*)"
cn=monitor
version=z/VM Version 5 Release 3 IBM LDAP Server
livethreads=10
maxconnections=65523
sysmaxconnections=65535
totalconnections=29
currentconnections=2
maxreachedconnections=5
opsinitiated=81
opscompleted=80
abandonsrequested=4
abandonscompleted=4
addsrequested=0
addscompleted=0
bindsrequested=25
bindscompleted=25
comparesrequested=0
comparescompleted=0
deletesrequested=0
deletescompleted=0
extopsrequested=0
modifiesrequested=0
modifiescompleted=0
modifydnsrequested=0
modifydnscompleted=0
searchesrequested=31
searchescompleted=30
unbindsrequested=21
unbindscompleted=21
unknownopsrequested=0
unknownopscompleted=0
entriessent=17
bytessent=5992
searchreferencessent=0
currenttime=Sat Jul 26 02:34:13.340516 2008
starttime=Sat Jul 26 01:15:05.412192 2008
resettime=Sat Jul 26 01:15:05.412192 2008
resets=0
```

Monitoring

- Format of the statistics

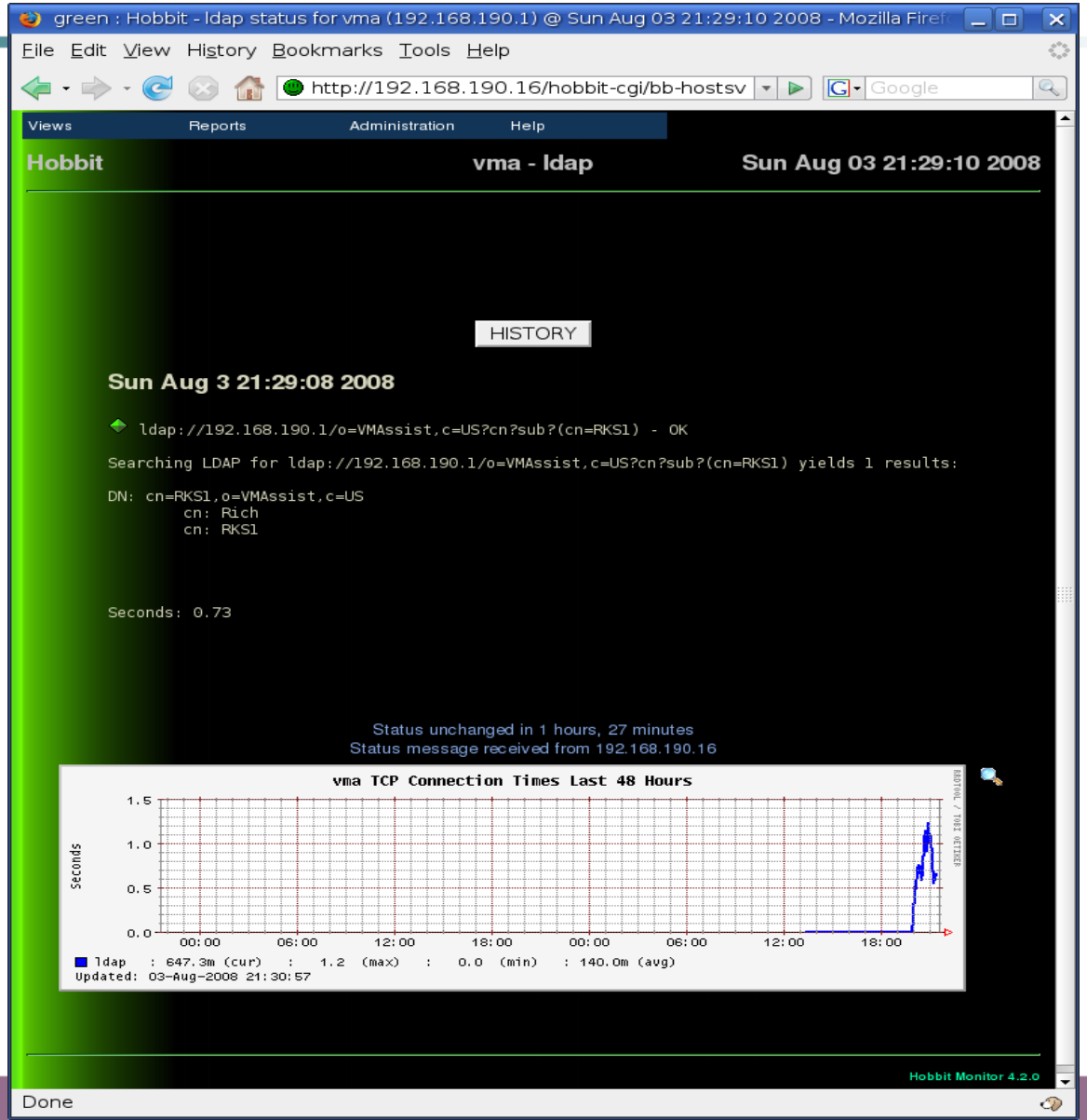
```
smsg ldapsrv display monitor
Ready; T=0.01/0.01 21:45:22
             Monitor Statistics
             ------------------

 Server Version:       z/VM Version 5 Release 3 IBM
                       LDAP Server
 Current Time:         Sat Jul 26 02:45:22.575461 2008
 Start Time:           Sat Jul 26 01:15:05.412192 2008
 Last Reset Time:      Sat Jul 26 01:15:05.412192 2008
 Number of Resets:     0

 Server Totals:
 --------------

 Description                    Count
 -------------------------------------
 Config Max Connections         65523
 System Max Connections         65535
 Total Connections                 31
 Current Connections                1
 MaxReached Connections             5
```

Monitoring

- The Hobbit network services monitor can watch LDAP connections
- Must either
  - Build with the LDAP capabilities
  - Use the RPM
- In the hosts definition file

```
192.168.190.1  vma   # ldap://192.168.190.1/o=VMAssist,c=US?cn?sub?(cn=RKS1)
```

Monitoring


green : Hobbit - ldap status for vma (192.168.190.1) @ Sun Aug 03 21:29:10 2008 - Mozilla Firef
File Edit View History Bookmarks Tools Help
http://192.168.190.16/hobbit-cgi/bb-hostsv
Google
Views Reports Administration Help
Hobbit
vma - ldap
Sun Aug 03 21:29:10 2008
HISTORY
Sun Aug 3 21:29:08 2008
ldap://192.168.190.1/o=VMAssist,c=US?cn?sub?(cn=RKS1) - OK
Searching LDAP for ldap://192.168.190.1/o=VMAssist,c=US?cn?sub?(cn=RKS1) yields 1 results:
DN: cn=RKS1,o=VMAssist,c=US
cn: Rich
cn: RKS1
Seconds: 0.73
Status unchanged in 1 hours, 27 minutes
Status message received from 192.168.190.16
vma TCP Connection Times Last 48 Hours
Seconds
1.5
1.0
0.5
0.0
00:00
06:00
12:00
18:00
00:00
06:00
12:00
18:00
ldap : 647.3m (cur) : 1.2 (max) : 0.0 (min) : 140.0m (avg)
Updated: 03-Aug-2008 21:30:57
Hobbit Monitor 4.2.0
Done

Operating the LDAP Server

- Startup
  - TCP/IP will start it
- Shutdown

```
SMSG LDAPSRV SHUTDOWN
090109 04:13:33.833359 GLD1007I LDAP server is stopping.
090109 04:13:33.983744 GLD6051I No database changes to commit
for LDBM backend named LDBM-0001.

Options Report for Enclave main 01/08/09 10:13:34 PM
Language Environment V01 R04.00

... (LE runtime messages) ...

DTCRUN1014I Server ended normally at 22:13:40 on 8 Jan 2009
(Thursday)
```

- Does not listen to the shutdown signal

Operating the LDAP Server

- The SMSG interface also provides the following
  - Auditing Controls
  - Setting the backends to read only or read-write
  - Commit changes
  - Set debugging levels
  - Display LDAP Server information
  - Logging control (on/off)
  - Set normal or maintenance mode
  - Initialize SSL environment
  - Reset counters

RACF Integration

- LDBM backend also works with RACF
  - Integrate z/VM defined users into the LDAP concept
  - Password checking based in RACF
- Presented at SHARE 111 in same session
  - http://www.linuxvm.org/Present/SHARE111/S9156rs.pdf

References

- z/VM TCP/IP Planning and Customization
  - SC24-6125-03 (z/VM 5.3) SC24-6125-04 (z/VM 5.4)
- z/VM TCP/IP LDAP Administration Guide
  - SC24-6140-00 (z/VM 5.3) SC24-6140-01 (z/VM 5.4)
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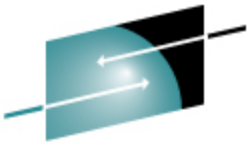
  - SC24-6127-03 (z/VM 5.3) SC24-6127-04 (z/VM 5.4)
- Essential System Administration, Æleen Frisch
  - 3rd Edition, August 2002, Published by O'Reilly
- LDAP System Administration, Gerald Carter
  - March 2003, Published by O'Reilly
- Redbook: Security on z/VM
  - SG24-7471-00

Questions?



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