

LXPROC – A tool for examining Linux Processes

This tool is based on the XASTOR utility written by Mike Tanzer and is freely available from the IBM VM website. XASTOR is a multi-functioned, programmable, full-screen storage examiner, which can be used to display system storage, CP virtual storage, and storage belonging to other virtual machines. It includes facilities for labeling addresses, chasing chains, locating symbols and control blocks, and address translation. It can be used to examine physical tape and disk records as well as CMS blocks and CP pages on DASD.

XASTOR provides a SUBCOM environment that enables Rexx macros to be written to map storage environments, chase complex chains, and perform other user-designed functions. The SUBCOM environment can be used without a display, enabling Rexx execs to examine storage, read tape and disk records, etc.

LXPROC is a macro that I've written that exploits the XASTOR utility. It allows a user to enter the name of the Linux guest and the address of the task structure of a specific process and to then be able to scroll through the virtual storage of that process.

Using LXPROC

To use this utility, first determine the address of the task structure of the process you are interested in or you can get the details of the “current” process.

For example, if I were interested in a Rexx program running on the user DALI159:

1. Determine the process ID:

```
[usaneffe@dali159 - usaneffe] ps
  PID TTY          TIME CMD
  8372 pts/1        00:00:01 bash
  8446 pts/1        00:00:01 rexx
  8447 pts/1        00:00:02 ps
```

2. Determine the task structure pointer by examining the contents of

```
/proc/<pid>/status:
```

```
[usaneffe@dali159 - usaneffe] cat /proc/8446/status
Name:   rexx
State:  R (running)
Pid:    8446
PPid:   8372
TracerPid:      0
Uid:    500      500      500      500
Gid:    101      101      101      101
FDSize: 256
Groups: 101
VmSize:  2112 kB
VmLck:   0 kB
VmRSS:   792 kB
VmData:  380 kB
VmStk:   12 kB
VmExe:   248 kB
VmLib:   1428 kB
SigPnd: 0000000000000000
SigBlk: 0000000000000000
SigIgn: 8000000000000000
SigCgt: 0000000000004003
CapInh: 0000000000000000
CapPrm: 0000000000000000
CapEff: 0000000000000000

User PSW: 070dc000 8040e484
```

task: 1476a000 ksp: 1476be80 pt_regs: 1476bf68

```
User GPRS:
00000019 0046e798 0046e798 0046e7cc
00000000 00000000 00000004 00000000
00425d64 004086c0 00000000 7ffff2b0
0045e528 8040db90 8040dd8a 7ffff228
User ACRS:
00000000 00000000 00000000 00000000
00000001 00000000 00000000 00000000
00000000 00000000 00000000 00000000
00000000 00000000 00000000 00000000
```

At this point I can logon to the Virtual Machine where XASTOR is installed. I invoke the utility by simply entering XASTOR. I am then presented with the following full-screen display:

```
00000000 Label: User: USANEFE Next: +00000000 Cursor:
==> XASTOR 1.8.0
00000000 030C1000 81F360D6 81F35C18 00000000 *...a3-Oa3*...*
00000010 00007AE8 00000600 030C0000 00F34C98 *.:Y.....3<q*
00000020 000C1000 80F12368 030C2000 81F37146 *...Ø1.Ç...a3Ēã*
00000030 000C2000 80F12128 FFFFFFFF FFFFFFFF *...Ø1.....*
00000040 00000000 00000000 00000000 00000000 *.....*
00000050 00000000 00000000 00080000 80F22D80 *.....Ø2.Ø*
00000060 000C0000 80F11206 00080000 81375548 *...Ø1.....a.íç*
00000070 00080000 80F3E3B8 00080000 80F10908 *...Ø3T½...Ø1..*
00000080 00000000 00004001 000200C9 00040005 *.....I...;*
00000090 00000000 00000000 00000000 00000000 *.....*
000000A0 00000000 00000000 00000000 00000000 *.....*
000000B0 00000000 00000000 00010001 00000000 *.....*
000000C0 00000000 00000000 00000000 00000000 *.....*
000000D0 C2000000 00000000 FFFFF350 8A92EFC0 *B.....3&<kÕ{*
000000E0 00000000 00000000 00400F1D 400B0000 *.....*
000000F0 00000000 00000000 00000000 00000000 *.....*
00000100 00000000 00000000 00000000 00000000 *.....*
00000110 00000000 00000000 00000000 00000000 *.....*
00000120 00000000 00000000 00000000 00000000 *.....*
00000130 00000000 00000000 00000000 00000000 *.....*
00000140 00000000 00000000 00000000 00000000 *.....*
1)Help 2)? 3)Quit 4)L 5)LH 6)LA 7)Ba 8)Fo 9)Chain 10)Add 11)Drop 12)Cur
```

TAB down to the ==> line and enter: LXPROC <task structure pointer / *> <Linux Guest Name>

```
00000000 Label: User: USANEFE Next: +00000000 Cursor:
==> LXPROC 1476a000 DALI159
00000000 030C1000 81F360D6 81F35C18 00000000 *...a3-Oa3*...*
00000010 00007AE8 00000600 030C0000 00F34C98 *.:Y.....3<q*
00000020 000C1000 80F12368 030C2000 81F37146 *...Ø1.Ç...a3Ēã*
00000030 000C2000 80F12128 FFFFFFFF FFFFFFFF *...Ø1.....*
00000040 00000000 00000000 00000000 00000000 *.....*
00000050 00000000 00000000 00080000 80F22D80 *.....Ø2.Ø*
00000060 000C0000 80F11206 00080000 81375548 *...Ø1.....a.íç*
00000070 00080000 80F3E3B8 00080000 80F10908 *...Ø3T½...Ø1..*
00000080 00000000 00004001 000200C9 00040005 *.....I...;*
00000090 00000000 00000000 00000000 00000000 *.....*
000000A0 00000000 00000000 00000000 00000000 *.....*
000000B0 00000000 00000000 00010001 00000000 *.....*
000000C0 00000000 00000000 00000000 00000000 *.....*
000000D0 C2000000 00000000 FFFFF350 8A92EFC0 *B.....3&<kÕ{*
000000E0 00000000 00000000 00400F1D 400B0000 *.....*
000000F0 00000000 00000000 00000000 00000000 *.....*
00000100 00000000 00000000 00000000 00000000 *.....*
00000110 00000000 00000000 00000000 00000000 *.....*
00000120 00000000 00000000 00000000 00000000 *.....*
00000130 00000000 00000000 00000000 00000000 *.....*
00000140 00000000 00000000 00000000 00000000 *.....*
1)Help 2)? 3)Quit 4)L 5)LH 6)LA 7)Ba 8)Fo 9)Chain 10)Add 11)Drop 12)Cur
```

After hitting enter you should end up with something like the following. The message line shows the current PSW, the segment table origin (STO or pgd), the task structure pointer and the user context (which contains the registers).

```

7FFFF228   Label:           User: DALI159   Next: +00000000 Cursor:
==> PSW: 070DD000 C03EEDE2 STO: 0DFD4000 TSS: 1476A000 CTX: 1476BF68
7FFFF220 00460558 7FFFF8C4 7FFFF2E0 0046A5E0 *.F.X.K...K...F...*
7FFFF230 0043F278 00000000 00000000 8042DC2C *.C.x.....B.,*
7FFFF240 00460558 7FFFF8C4 00000002 7FFFF340 *.F.X.K.....K.@*
7FFFF250 00000000 0043F378 7FFFF740 8040DB90 *.....C.x.K.@...*
7FFFF260 8040DD8A 7FFFF228 7FFFF2E0 00000000 *.@...K.(.K.....*
7FFFF270 7FFFF160 00000005 00000018 00000005 *.K.`.....*
7FFFF280 7FFFF2E0 00000354 00000002 7FFFF340 *.K.....T....K.@*
7FFFF290 FFFFFFFF 00000001 00000000 00000000 *KKKK.....*
7FFFF2A0 00000000 00000000 00000000 00000000 *......*
7FFFF2B0 7FFFF1C4 7FFFF250 7FFFF1C0 80424758 *.K...K.P.K...BGX*
7FFFF2C0 C000EFA4 0043F378 0046E798 00000000 *.....C.x.F.....*
7FFFF2D0 00000000 00000000 0046E798 0045E520 *......F...E.*
7FFFF2E0 7FFFF7E8 00000000 00000000 00000000 *.K.....*
7FFFF2F0 00000000 00000000 00460558 7FFFF8C4 *......F.X.K...*
7FFFF300 00000002 7FFFF340 00000000 0043F378 *.....K.@.....C.x*
7FFFF310 7FFFF740 8042F938 8042FDAC 7FFFF2E0 *.K.@.B.8.B...K...*
7FFFF320 00000001 00000000 00000000 00000000 *......*
7FFFF330 00000000 00000000 7FFFF598 00000000 *......K.....*
7FFFF340 2F46532F 66733033 38632F75 73616E65 */FS/fs038c/usane*
7FFFF350 66652F74 6573742E 72657878 00000000 *fe/test.rexx...*
7FFFF360 00000000 00000000 00000000 00000000 *......*
1)Help 2)? 3)Quit 4)L 5)LH 6)LA 7)Ba 8)Fo 9)Chain 10)Add 11)Drop 12)Cur

```

At this point you are looking at the current stack area (0x7ffff228). You can now chain through the stack area by putting the cursor over the backchain field within the current stack from (displacement 0) and pressing F4. Alternatively, I can TAB to the `Next:` field and enter '@00000000' and then press F9. This will tell XASTOR to chain through the stack frames using displacement 0 within the frame as the chaining field.

I can also enter any virtual address I'm interested in at the top left field of the screen. Note that the tool automatically displays ASCII characters in the right hand area.

Each time LXPROC is invoked it will extract the PID from the `task_structure` and create a file "`<Linux Guest Name> <pid> A`" that contains a dump of the registers and the memory map for the process (see following page).

If you attempt to display a page that is not in the address space of the process you will see something like this:

```

333FF7E8   Label:           User: DALI159   Next: @00000000 Cursor:
==> Invalid second-level segment referenced.

```

To display another process's storage, enter `LXPROC <task structure | *>`. The current user will be assumed and if you specify '*' the currently active process will be examined.

To exit XASTOR press F3 twice.

Sample Process Listing

Process Context Data

PSW: 070DC000 C0213632

R00: 00000000 R01: 40213630 R02: 00000006 R03: 7FFFF048
R04: 00000000 R05: 00000000 R06: 00000000 R07: 409054E0
R08: 00000001 R09: 00000005 R10: 7FFFF0E0 R11: 7FFFF048
R12: C00F94EC R13: C00F58CC R14: C00F5984 R15: 7FFFEFE8

AR00: 40034A80 AR01: 00000000 AR02: 00000000 AR03: 00000000
AR04: 00000001 AR05: 00000000 AR06: 00000000 AR07: 00000000
AR08: 00000000 AR09: 00000000 AR10: 00000000 AR11: 00000000
AR12: 00000000 AR13: 00000000 AR14: 00000000 AR15: 00000000

Memory Map

00400000 - 0040D000 : r-xp argevsrv
0040D000 - 0040F000 : rw-p argevsrv
0040F000 - 004CB000 : rwxp
40000000 - 40018000 : r-xp ld-2.2.2.so
40018000 - 40019000 : rw-p ld-2.2.2.so
40019000 - 4001A000 : rwxp
4001A000 - 4001B000 : r--p LC_IDENTIFICATION
4001B000 - 4001C000 : r--p LC_MEASUREMENT
4001C000 - 4001D000 : r--p LC_TELEPHONE
4001D000 - 4001E000 : r--p LC_ADDRESS
4001E000 - 4001F000 : r--p LC_NAME
4001F000 - 40020000 : r--p LC_PAPER
40020000 - 40021000 : r--p SYS_LC_MESSAGES
40021000 - 40022000 : r--p LC_MONETARY
40022000 - 40030000 : r-xp libpthread.so.0
40030000 - 40038000 : rw-p libpthread.so.0
40038000 - 40047000 : r-xp libsagsmp2.so
40047000 - 40049000 : rw-p libsagsmp2.so
40049000 - 40074000 : r-xp libsagovo.so
40074000 - 40075000 : rw-p libsagovo.so
40075000 - 400A6000 : r-xp libsagecs.so
400A6000 - 400AA000 : rw-p libsagecs.so
400AA000 - 400AD000 : rw-p
400AD000 - 400C4000 : r-xp libsagrgrs.so
400C4000 - 400C6000 : rw-p libsagrgrs.so
400C6000 - 400CC000 : r-xp libcrypt.so.1
400CC000 - 400CD000 : rw-p libcrypt.so.1
400CD000 - 400F4000 : rw-p
400F4000 - 400F9000 : r-xp libargtcp.so
400F9000 - 400FA000 : rw-p libargtcp.so
400FA000 - 400FC000 : r-xp libargtrace.so
400FC000 - 400FD000 : rw-p libargtrace.so
400FD000 - 4010A000 : r-xp libargutl.so
4010A000 - 4010C000 : rw-p libargutl.so
4010C000 - 4010F000 : r-xp libargdev.so
4010F000 - 40111000 : rw-p libargdev.so
40111000 - 4011B000 : rw-p
4011B000 - 4013A000 : r-xp libargevt.so
4013A000 - 4013C000 : rw-p libargevt.so
4013C000 - 4013D000 : rw-p
4013D000 - 4025E000 : r-xp libc.so.6
4025E000 - 40264000 : rw-p libc.so.6
40264000 - 40268000 : rw-p
40268000 - 4026B000 : r-xp libdl.so.2
4026B000 - 4026C000 : rw-p libdl.so.2
4026C000 - 4026D000 : ---p
4026D000 - 4027D000 : rwxp
4027D000 - 4027E000 : ---p
4027E000 - 4028E000 : rwxp
4028E000 - 4028F000 : r--p LC_TIME
4028F000 - 40290000 : r--p LC_NUMERIC
40290000 - 402AB000 : r--p LC_CTYPE
402AB000 - 402AD000 : r-xp ISO8859-1.so
402AD000 - 402AE000 : rw-p ISO8859-1.so
402AE000 - 402D3000 : rw-p
402D3000 - 402E1000 : r-xp libargen.so
402E1000 - 402E3000 : rw-p libargen.so

402E3000 - 402E4000 : rw-p
402EC000 - 402F7000 : r-xp libnss_files.so.2
402F7000 - 402F8000 : rw-p libnss_files.so.2
402F8000 - 402F9000 : ---p
402F9000 - 40319000 : rwxp
4035B000 - 4035C000 : ---p
4035C000 - 4037C000 : rwxp
404F8000 - 404F9000 : ---p
404F9000 - 40519000 : rwxp
40519000 - 40521000 : r-xp libinoplug.so
40521000 - 40522000 : rw-p libinoplug.so
40522000 - 40523000 : rw-p
4052B000 - 40572000 : r-xp libncurses.so.5.2
40572000 - 4057D000 : rw-p libncurses.so.5.2
4057D000 - 40580000 : rw-p
40580000 - 40587000 : r-xp librt.so.1
40587000 - 40588000 : rw-p librt.so.1
40588000 - 40592000 : rw-p
40592000 - 40593000 : ---p
40593000 - 405B3000 : rwxp
405B3000 - 40600000 : r-xp inomsg.so
40600000 - 4060A000 : rw-p inomsg.so
4060A000 - 4061E000 : r-xp libnsl.so.1
4061E000 - 40620000 : rw-p libnsl.so.1
40620000 - 40622000 : rw-p
40622000 - 40648000 : r-xp libm.so.6
40648000 - 40649000 : rw-p libm.so.6
40649000 - 4064A000 : ---p
4064A000 - 40849000 : rwxp
40900000 - 40908000 : rw-p
40908000 - 40A00000 : ---p
7FFF9000 - 80000000 : rwxp