



# L04

## Linux/390 System Management for the Mainframe Systems Programmer

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# About me

- Mark Post (mark.post@eds.com)
- Senior Infrastructure Specialist (Systems Programmer, “plus”)
- EDS, Auburn Hills, Michigan
- Worked with IBM mainframes since entering college in 1973.
- Supported MVS and VM for GM and EDS
- Linux and Linux/390 Technical Lead since 01/2003

## My Linux background

- First installed Slackware Linux on a PC at home in 1998.
- Involved with Linux/390 since May of 2000.
- Co-author of IBM Redbook:“Linux for zSeries and S/390: Distributions,” SG24-6264
- Active in the Linux-390 mailing list hosted by Marist College.
- Webmaster for the linuxvm.org web site.
- Ported Slackware® Linux to the mainframe, released as Slack/390 in July of 2004.

# Agenda

- Cultural differences & similarities
- Terminology
- How does Linux/390 compare to Unix System Services?
- How does Linux/390 compare to other Linux platforms?
- What is a distribution, and why doesn't IBM have one?
- What hardware does Linux/390 support?

## Agenda (2)

- What networking connections does Linux/390 support?
- Where's SYS1.PARMLIB kept?
- Do I *really* have to know all this stuff?
- Linux/390 DASD management
- Questions?
- Additional information resources
  - Web sites, Redbooks/pieces/tips, Usenet (news), O'Reilly Books
- Command comparisons

# Cultural differences

- Open Source Community
- Expectations of self-reliance
- Open Source software
- Software quality
- Where and how you get support
- 3270 terminals vs. VTxxx.
- Install Linux on a PC and use it.
- Is rebooting unnecessarily a sin?

# Terminology

- IPL
- nucleus
- PLPA / LINKLIST
- TSO / CMS
- OSA
- PTF / APAR
- IEBUPDTE
- IEBUPDTE input
- SuperC / COMPARE
- xedit update mode
- boot
- kernel
- kernel modules
- shell
- NIC
- patch
- patch
- diff
- diff
- diff

## Terminology (2)

- paging space
- multi-processor
- systems programmer
- GUI
- pattern matching
- help files
- STC / SVM
- address space
- task (tcb)
- swap partition/volume/file
- SMP
- system administrator
- X / X-Window
- regular expression
- man pages
- daemon
- process
- thread



# Terminology (3)

- runlevel
- device driver
- tarball (tar - tape archive)
  - tar -cf backup.tar file1 file2 file3 file4
  - tar -xf backup.tar
  - tar -zcf backup.tar.gz file1 file2 file3 file4
    - Equivalent to tar command followed by gzip command
  - tar -zcf backup.tgz file1 file2 file3 file4
  - tar -zxf backup.tgz
  - tar -jcf backup.tar.bz2 file1 file2 file3 file4
    - Uses bzip2 instead of gzip for compression
  - tar -jxf backup.tar.bz2

# How does Linux/390 compare to...

- Unix System Services
  - Linux/390 is “real” UNIX “under the covers.” Things that run on most other Unix systems can be run on Linux/390, usually without change (assuming source is available).
  - There is no such thing as SMP/E or SES in UNIX / Linux. (Not that USS really uses it either, per se.)
  - Option “switches” on various commands are different, due to different shells, or compliance to different standards.

# How does Linux/390 compare to...

- Unix System Services (cont.)
  - The Linux man pages work without extra effort on OS/390 side.
  - There's no confusion about which TCP/IP parameters are put where.
  - Things that you learn about other UNIX systems are generally easier to apply to Linux than USS.
  - There's no "other side" (OS/390) to help bail you out when things get messed up.
  - Native ASCII. No EBCDIC <=> ASCII conversions.

# How does Linux/390 compare to...

- Unix System Services (cont.)
  - Source code is available.
  - Default shell is more often bash than (t)csch.
  - No 3270 interface/limitations to work around. Which also means no real ISPF. (You can buy a clone of it, though.)
  - PL/1, CLISTs are not available.
  - REXX is available, but called Regina.
  - OREXX is available, now in Open Source form.
  - HLASM is now available from Tachyon Software.
- Other Linux Platforms
  - Very similar, but it lacks a lot of common PC-type hardware
  - 3270 support included for consoles in LPAR mode
  - S/390 specific hardware

# What are distributions?

- VARs
- System Integrators
- Packagers
- Maintainers
- Developers
- Support
- Why doesn't IBM have one?

## Linux/390 hardware support

- Any processor that supports the “Halfword Immediate and Relative Branch Feature” instructions added with the G2.
- For decent performance, IEEE FPU is needed. (G5 and up, MP3000.)
- ECKD DASD
- FBA DASD
- 3480/3490/3590 Tapes
- SCSI over FCP now available

# Linux/390 networking connections

- 3172
- OSA-2 (Token-Ring, Ethernet, Fast Ethernet)
- OSA-Express (Ethernet, Fast Ethernet )
- 2216 (Token Ring, Ethernet )
- QDIO OSA-Express (Gb Ethernet, Fast Ethernet)
- ESCON / CTC (native and under VM)
- IUCV (only under VM)
- HiperSockets (native and under VM)
- Guest LANs (only under VM)
- VSwitch (only under VM, requires an OSA)
- Cisco CLAW (CIP) - driver by UTS Global

# Where's SYS1.PARMLIB kept?

- Just about everything you need is kept under /etc (at some level of hierarchy).
- Individual text files (or groups of them), since no concept of a PDS in Linux.
- Some **really** important ones:
  - /etc/passwd
  - /etc/shadow
  - /etc/group
  - /etc/gshadow
  - /etc/inittab
  - /etc/inetd.conf
  - /etc/modules.conf
  - /etc/fstab
  - /etc/hosts
  - /etc/resolv.conf
  - /etc/rc.d/...
  - /etc/httpd/...
  - /etc/sysconfig/...
  - /etc/samba/...
  - /etc/pam.d/...
  - /etc/ssh/...



## Do I *really* have to know all this stuff?

- No, but shouldn't you?
- If you really don't want to know what's going on or have a large virtual farm:
  - YaST (SuSE)
  - Nautilus (Red Hat)
  - Webmin (completely perl-based)
  - AdminUX (Green Light Advantage)
  - linuxconf (no longer recommended by RH)
  - Others

# Linux/390 DASD management

## Quick Overview:

- 2 kinds of DASD layouts, cdl and ldl.
- Adding/removing DASD
- Preparing DASD for use
  - Formatting
  - Partitioning (2.4.x & 2.6.x kernels only)
  - Creating file systems and Swap
  - File systems vs. directories
- Backing up your DASD

# Adding/Removing DASD

- For 2.4.x kernels, can be dynamic:
  - **Adding a device**
  - **echo "add device range=*devno-range* " > /proc/dasd/devices**
  - **Disabling a device**
  - **echo "set device range=*devno-range* off " > /proc/dasd/devices**
  - **Enabling a device**
  - **echo "set device range=*devno-range* on " > /proc/dasd/devices**
  - Still want to update /boot/parmfile or /etc/zipl.conf and re-run "zipl" to make the change permanent. (mkinitrd may also be required.)
- For 2.2.x kernels, requires updating /boot/parmfile, re-running "silo," and rebooting.

# Adding/Removing DASD in 2.6.x

- **/sys/bus/ccw/devices/0.0.0601 @**
- **/sys/bus/ccw/drivers/dasd-eckd/0.0.0601 @**
- **/sys/bus/css/devices/0.0.0016 @**
- **/sys/bus/css/drivers/io\_subchannel/0.0.0016 @**
- **/sys/devices/css0/0.0.0016/**
  - **0.0.0601/**
    - bus @**
    - chpids**
    - driver @**
    - pimpampom**
- **/sys/devices/css0/0.0.0016/0.0.0601/**
  - **Availability**
  - **bus @**
  - **cmb\_enable**
  - **cutype**
  - **devtype**
  - **discipline**
  - **driver @**
  - **online**
  - **readonly**
  - **use\_diag**

Use /sbin/chccwdev instead  
chccwdev --online 0.0.0601  
chccwdev --e 0.0.0601

## Formatting DASD - 2.4.x, 2.6.x

- `dasdfmt -b 4096 [ -l volser ] [ -d layout ]`  
`-f /dev/dasd?`  
`-n 0d18` (only if devfs is in use)
  - `dasdfmt -b 4096 -d cdl -f /dev/dasda`
  - `dasdfmt -b 4096 -d ldl -n 0cf3`
  - `dasdfmt -b 4096 -d cdl -n 0d2f`
- `fdasd /dev/dasd?`
  - **Must** create one, two, or three partitions

## Formatting DASD - 2.2.x

- `dasdfmt -b 4096 [ -l volser ] -f /dev/dasd?`
- `dasdfmt -b 4096 [ -l volser ] -n fc23`

# Creating file systems and Swap

- 2.4.x, 2.6.x Kernels
  - `mke2fs -b 4096 /dev/dasd?1,2,3`
    - `mke2fs -b 4096 /dev/dasda1`
    - `mke2fs -b 4096 /dev/dasda2`
    - `mke2fs -b 4096 /dev/dasda3`
- 2.2.x Kernels
  - `mke2fs -b 4096 /dev/dasd?1`
    - `mke2fs -b 4096 /dev/dasda1`
    - `mke2fs -b 4096 /dev/dasdb1`
- `mkswap /dev/dasd?1` (2.2 kernels)
- `mkswap /dev/dasd?1,2,3` (2.4, 2.6 kernels)

# File systems vs. directories

/ (root)

/bin

/boot \*

/dev

/etc

/home

/lib

/mnt

/opt

/proc

**/root** (not to be confused  
with / root)

/sbin

/sys

/tmp

/usr

/var



# Questions?

## Additional information - web sites

- <http://linuxvm.org/>  
(Largely Linux/390 specific)
- <http://www.marist.edu/htbin/wlvindex?linux-390>  
(Linux/390 mailing list)
- <http://www.slack390.org/>
- <http://www.kernel.org/>
- <http://www.linux.org/>
- <http://www.tldp.org/>  
(The Linux Documentation Project)

## Additional information - Redbooks

- <http://www.redbooks.ibm.com/>
- Linux for S/390, SG24-4987
- Linux for zSeries and S/390: Distributions, SG24-6264
- Linux on zSeries and S/390: ISP/ASP Solutions, SG24-6299
- Linux on zSeries and S/390: Application Development, SG24-6807
- Linux on zSeries and S/390: System Management, SG24-6820

## Additional information – Redbooks (2)

- Linux on zSeries and S/390: Large Scale Linux Deployment, SG24-6824
- Linux on zSeries and S/390: Performance Measurement and Tuning, SG24-6926
- Linux with zSeries and ESS: Essentials, SG24-7025
- Experiences with Oracle for Linux on zSeries, SG24-6552
- SAP on DB2 UDB for OS/390 and z/OS: Implementing Application Servers on Linux for zSeries, SG24-6847

## Additional information – Redbooks (3)

- e-Business Intelligence: Leveraging DB2 for Linux on S/390, SG24-5687
- e-Business Intelligence: Data Mart Solutions with DB2 for Linux on zSeries, SG24-6294

## Additional information – Redpieces

- Implementing Linux in your Network using Samba, redp0023
- Building Linux Systems Under IBM VM, redp0120
- Linux on zSeries and S/390: High Availability for z/VM and Linux, redp0220
- Linux on zSeries and S/390: Securing Linux for zSeries with a Central z/OS LDAP Server (RACF), redp0221
- Linux on zSeries and S/390: Server Consolidation with Linux for zSeries, redp0222
- Linux on zSeries and S/390: Cloning Linux Images in z/VM, redp0301

## Additional information – Redpieces (2)

- Linux on zSeries and S/390: TCP/IP Broadcast on z/VM Guest LAN, redp3596
- Linux on zSeries and S/390: Managing a Samba Server from z/VM, redp3604
- Linux on zSeries and S/390: Porting LEAF to Linux on zSeries, redp3627
- Linux on zSeries and S/390: Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol on VM Guest LANs, redp3657
- Linux on zSeries and S/390: z/VM Configuration for WebSphere Deployments, redp3661

## Additional information – Redpieces (3)

- Linux on zSeries and S/390: Building SuSE SLES8 Systems under z/VM, redp3687
- Linux on zSeries and S/390: VSWITCH and VLAN Features of z/VM 4.4, redp3719
- e-commerce Patterns for Linux on zSeries Using WebSphere Commerce Suite V5.1 Patterns for e-business series, redp0411
- Getting Started with zSeries Fibre Channel Protocol, redp0205



## Additional information – Redpieces (4)

- WebSphere Portal Installation on Linux for zSeries, redp3699
- Open Your Windows with Samba on Linux, redp3780

## Additional information – Hints & Tips

- Linux on zSeries: Configuring gcc as a cross-compiler, tips0005
- Dynamic management of DASD devices in Linux running on zSeries, tips0023
- Formatting and Labeling a DASD Volume for Linux Guests Running Under z/VM, tips0275
- Partitioning DASD for Linux Guests Running under z/VM, tips0277

# Additional information - Usenet (“news”)

- alt.os.linux.dial-up
- alt.os.linux.redhat
- alt.os.linux.slackware
- alt.os.linux.suse
- alt.os.linux.turbolinux
- comp.os.linux.admin
- comp.os.linux.advocacy
- comp.os.linux.announce
- comp.os.linux.development.apps
- comp.os.linux.development.system
- comp.os.linux.hardware
- comp.os.linux.help
- comp.os.linux.misc
- comp.os.linux.networking
- comp.os.linux.questions
- comp.os.linux.redhat
- comp.os.linux.security
- comp.os.linux.setup
- comp.os.linux.x
- comp.protocols.smb (Samba, mainly)
- linux.debian.devel.mentors
- linux.debian.devel.qa
- linux.debian.devel.release
- linux.debian.ports.s390
- linux.debian.project
- linux.debian.project
- linux.debian.security
- linux.dev.c-programming
- linux.dev.kernel
- linux.dev.laptop
- linux.dev.newbie
- linux.help
- linux.kernel
- linux.net.masquerade
- linux.redhat.announce
- linux.redhat.devel
- linux.redhat.install
- linux.redhat.pam
- linux.redhat.rpm
- linux.samba
- linux.sources.kernel

## Additional information - O'Reilly books

- \* Apache: The Definitive Guide, 2nd Edition  
Apache Pocket Reference
- \* Building Internet Firewalls, 2nd Ed
- \* DNS and BIND, 4th Edition
- \* Learning Perl, 3rd Edition
- \* Learning the bash Shell, 2nd Edition
- \* Learning the vi Editor, 6th Edition
- MySQL & mSQL
- \* Perl Cookbook  
Perl for System Administration  
Perl for Web Site Management  
Perl in a Nutshell

## Additional information - O'Reilly books (2)

- \* Practical UNIX & Internet Security, 2nd Edition
- \* Programming Perl, 3rd Edition
- \* Running Linux, 3rd Edition
- Samba Pocket Reference
- sed & awk Pocket Reference
- \* sed & awk, 2nd Edition
- \* sendmail, 2nd Edition
- sendmail Desktop Reference
- \* SSH, The Secure Shell: The Definitive Guide
- \* TCP/IP Network Administration, 2nd Edition
- \* Using Samba - comes with the software
- vi Editor Pocket Reference

## Additional information - O'Reilly books (3)

- \* Networking CD Bookshelf

  - TCP/IP Network Administration, 2nd Edition

  - sendmail, 2nd Edition

  - sendmail Desktop Reference

  - DNS and BIND, 3rd Edition

  - Practical UNIX & Internet Security, 2nd Edition

  - Building Internet Firewalls

- \* The Perl CD Bookshelf, Version 2.0

  - Programming Perl, 3rd Edition

  - Perl for System Administration

  - Perl in a Nutshell

  - Perl Cookbook

  - Advanced Perl Programming

## Additional information - O'Reilly books (4)

### \* The Linux Web Server CD Bookshelf

Running Linux, 3rd Edition

Linux in a Nutshell, 3rd Edition

Apache: The Definitive Guide, 2nd Edition

MySQL & mSQL

Programming the Perl DBI

CGI Programming with Perl, 2nd Edition

# Command comparison

<u>MVS</u>	<u>VM</u>	<u>Linux</u>	<u>DOS</u>
• LISTC	• L	• ls / locate	• dir
• LISTD	• L (L	• file	• attrib
• LIST	• TYPE	• cat	• type
• COPY	• COPY	• cp	• copy
• MOVE	• MOVE	• mv	• move
• RENAME	• RENAME	• mv	• ren
• DELETE	• ERASE	• rm	• del
• HELP	• HELP	• man / info	• help
• ICKDSF	• FORMAT	• dasdfmt / mke2fs	• format



## Command Comparison (2)

### MVS

- SEND
- LISTB
- LOGOFF
- PRINTDS
- V ONLINE
- V OFFLINE
- D TS
- D TS,L
- D A,L

### VM

- TELL / MSG / NOTE
- LOGOFF
- PRINT
- ATTACH
- DETACH
- Q U
- Q N
- Q N

### Linux

- write / talk / wall
- /etc/motd
- exit
- lpr
- mount
- umount
- uptime
- users / w
- ps -ax

## Command comparison (3)

<u>Linux</u>	<u>DOS</u>	<u>Linux</u>	<u>DOS</u>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• cd</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• cd</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• host</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• nslookup</li></ul>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• mkdir</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• mkdir</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• nslookup</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• nslookup</li></ul>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• rmdir</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• rmdir</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• netstat</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• netstat</li></ul>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• less / more</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• more</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• route</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• route print</li></ul>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• ping</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• ping</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• find</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• find</li></ul>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• traceroute</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• tracert</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• set</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• set</li></ul>
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• export</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• set</li></ul>