



Introduction to SCSI over FCP for Linux on System z

# Making Your Penguins Fly

## Introduction to SCSI over FCP for Linux on System z

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Linux on zSeries Development

IBM Lab Boeblingen, Germany

**Share Baltimore, Maryland**

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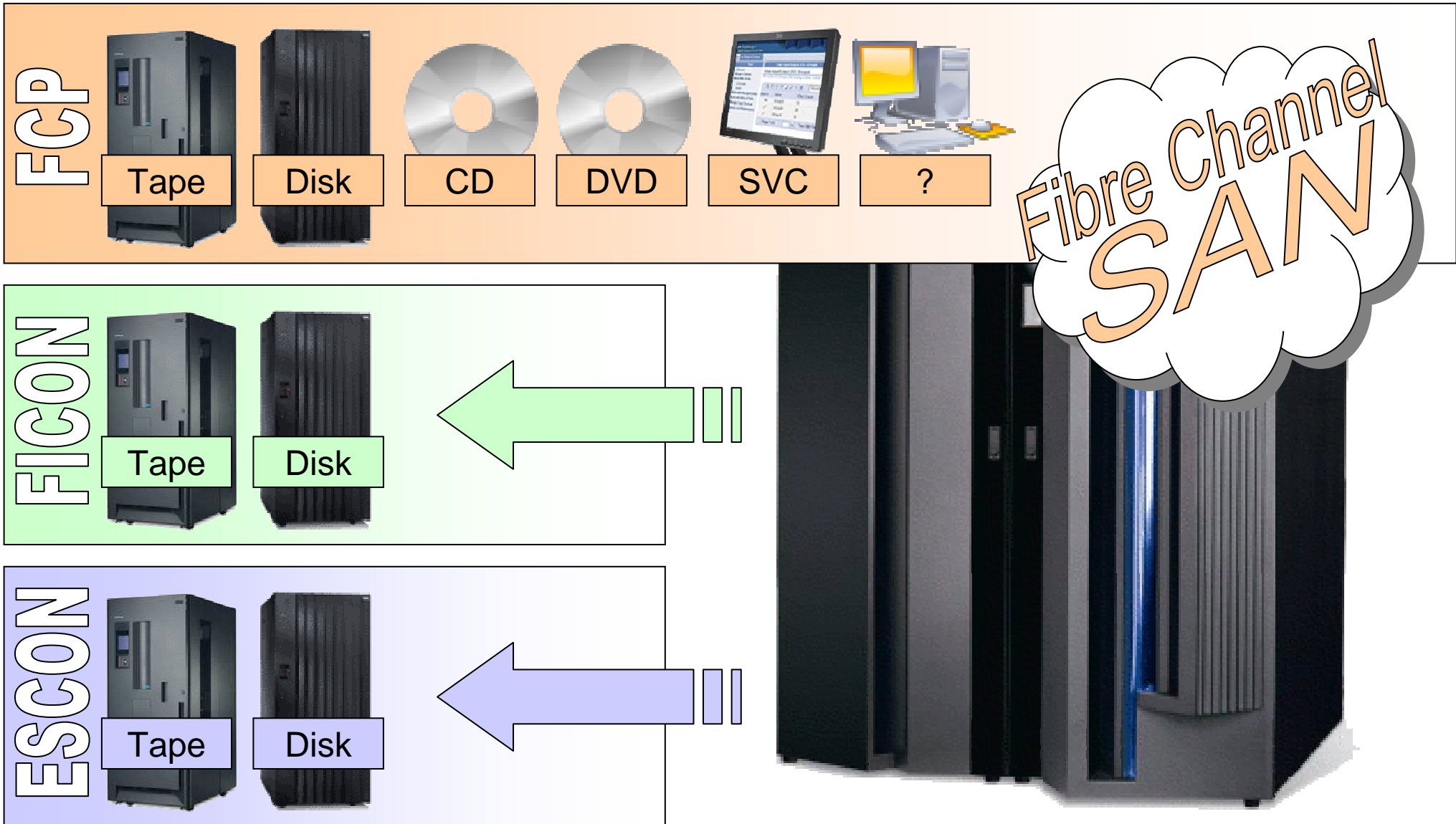


# Making Your Penguins Fly – Flight Schedule

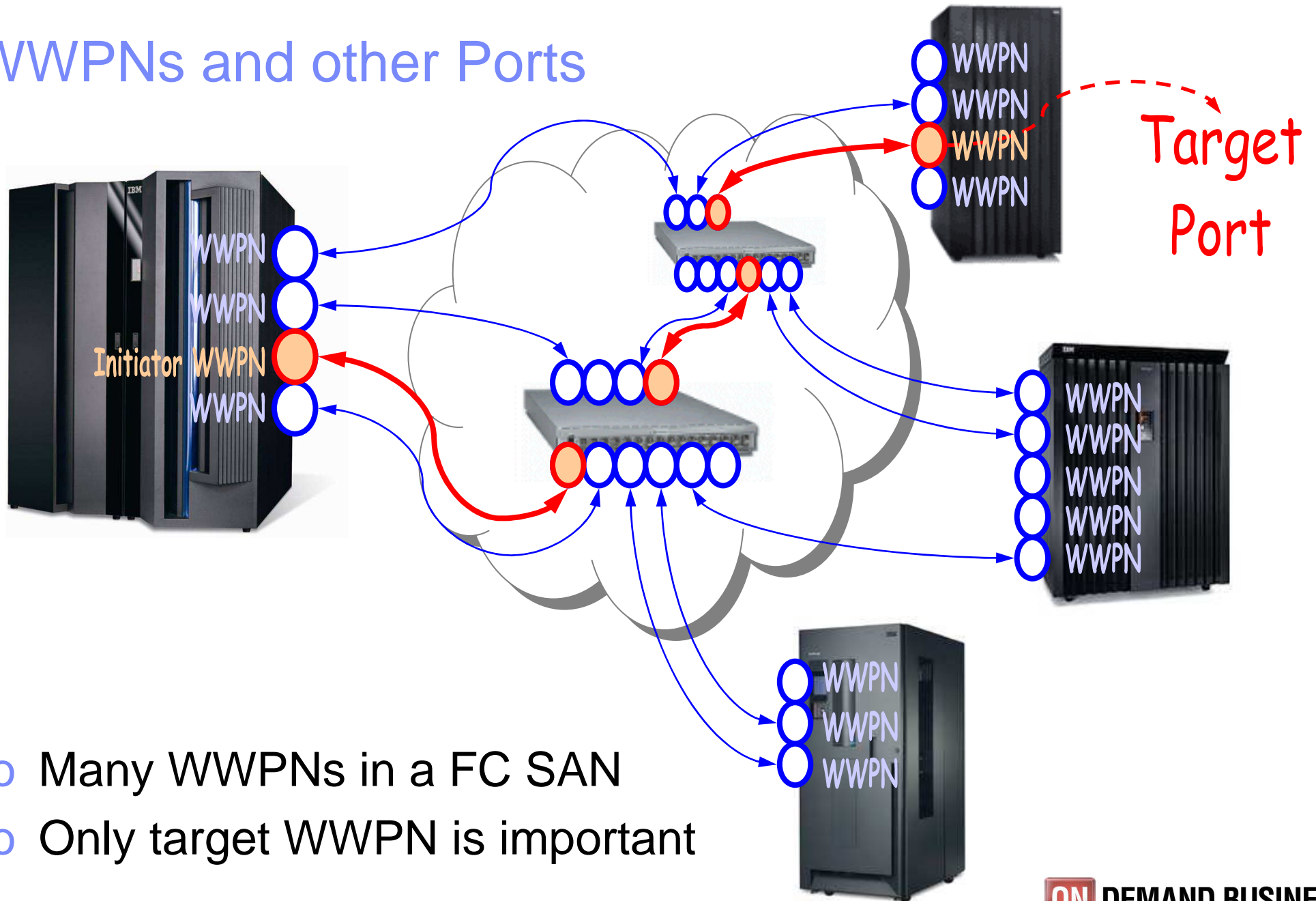


- SAN & SAN integration
- Addressing basics
- Requirements
- zfcplib device driver
- Why FCP?
- Configuration
- Multipathing
- NPIV
- SAN Discovery Tool
- SCSI IPL/Dump

# System z in a SAN – Sharing Storage Resources

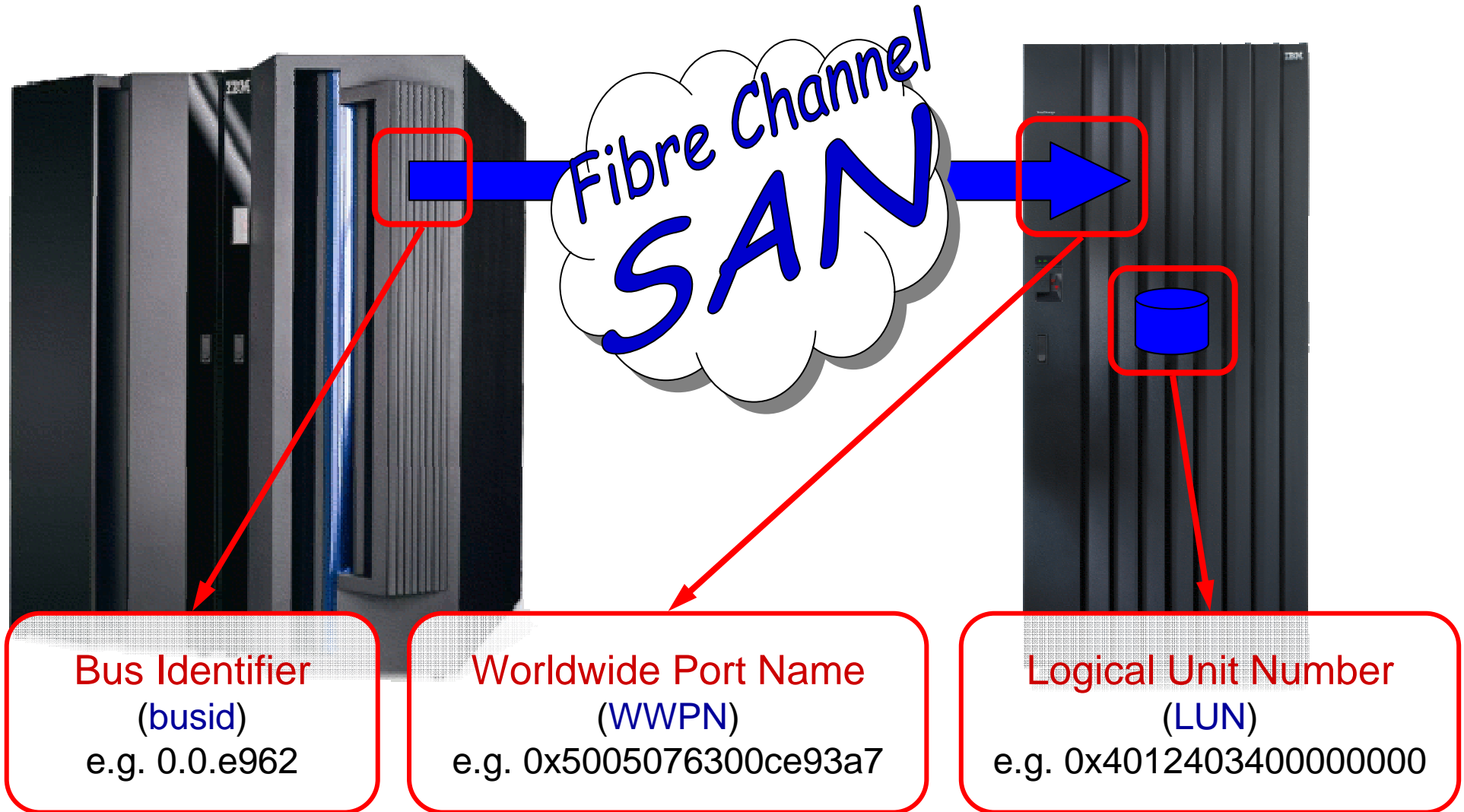


# WWPNs and other Ports



- Many WWPNs in a FC SAN
- Only target WWPN is important

# Navigating in a SAN



## zSeries in a SAN – Hardware Requirements



- IBM zSeries 800, 890, 900 or 990
- IBM System z9 EC/BC  
(NPIV z9-only)
- FICON or FICON Express  
adapter cards
- CHPID type FCP
- FC fabric switch
- FC storage subsystem
- Optional: FCP-SCSI bridge  
+ SCSI devices

# Software Requirements

- SCSI (IPL) with z/VM
  - z/VM Version 4.4 (PTF UM30989) or newer
  - z/VM Version 5.2 (current version)
- SUSE Linux Enterprise Server 8 (SLES8)
  - Service Pack 4
- SUSE Linux Enterprise Server 9 (SLES9)
  - Service Pack 3
- SUSE Linux Enterprise Server 10 (SLES10)
  - Available
- Red Hat Enterprise Linux 3 (RHEL3)
  - Update 8
- Red Hat Enterprise Linux 4 (RHEL4)
  - Update 4
- Red Hat Enterprise Linux 5 (RHEL5)
  - Outlook 2007



# IOCCDS – FCP Configuration Sample

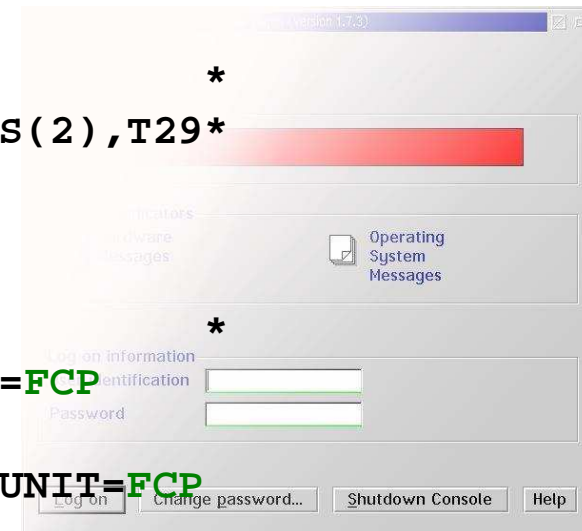
```
CHPID PATH=(CSS(0,1,2,3),51),SHARED, *
      NOTPART=((CSS(1),(TRX1),(=)),(CSS(3),(TRX2,T29CFA),(=))) *
      ,PCHID=1C3,TYPE=FCP
```

```
CNTLUNIT CUNUMBR=3D00, *
      PATH=((CSS(0),51),(CSS(1),51),(CSS(2),51),(CSS(3),51)), *
      UNIT=FCP
```

```
IODEVICE ADDRESS=(3D00,001),CUNUMBR=(3D00),UNIT=FCP
IODEVICE ADDRESS=(3D01,007),CUNUMBR=(3D00), *
      PARTITION=((CSS(0),T29LP11,T29LP12,T29LP13,T29LP14,T29LP *
      15),(CSS(1),T29LP26,T29LP27,T29LP29,T29LP30),(CSS(2),T29 *
      LP41,T29LP42,T29LP43,T29LP44,T29LP45),(CSS(3),T29LP56,T2 *
      9LP57,T29LP58,T29LP59,T29LP60)),UNIT=FCP
```

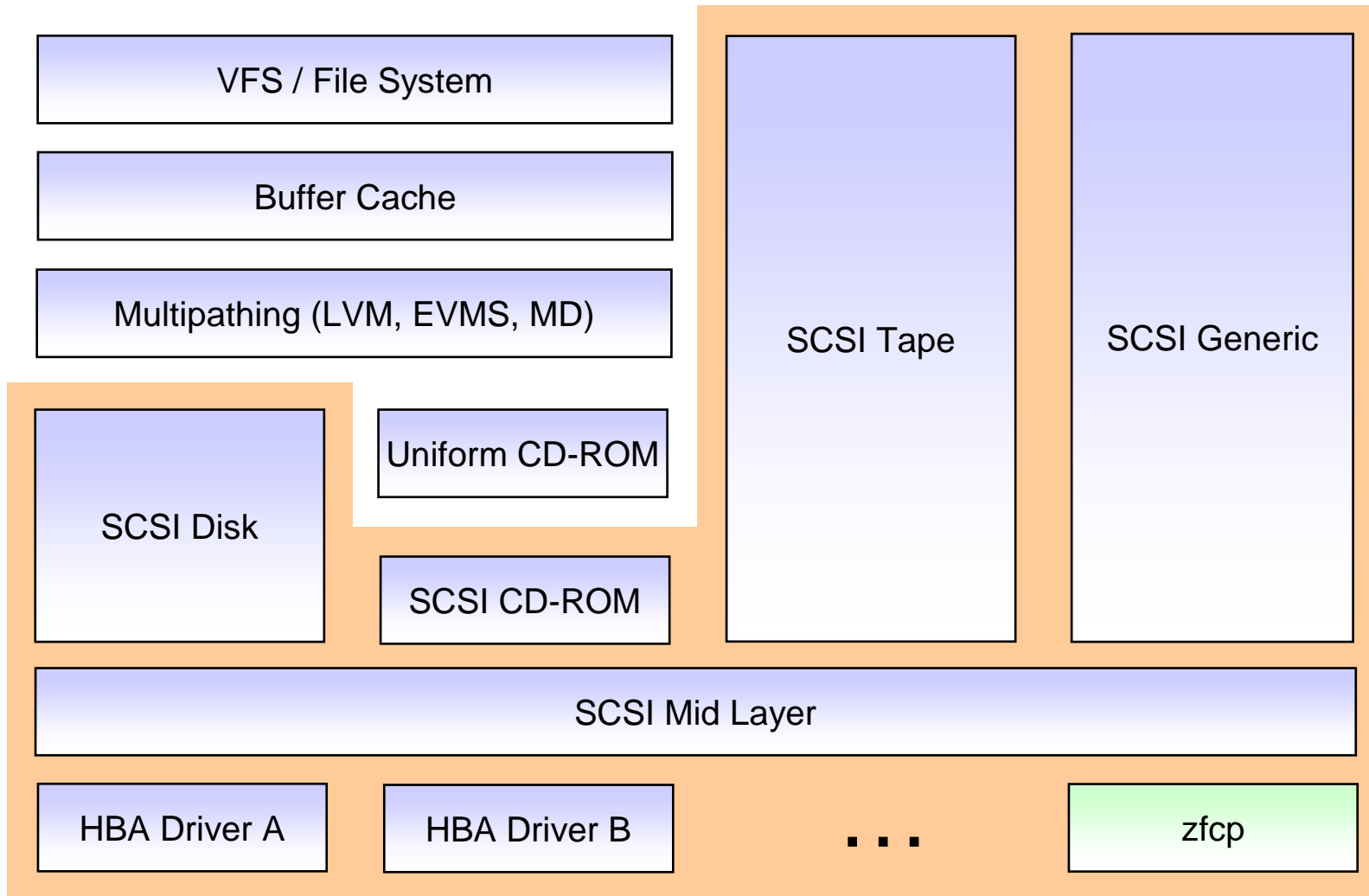
```
IODEVICE ADDRESS=(3D08,056),CUNUMBR=(3D00), *
      PARTITION=((CSS(0),T29LP15),(CSS(1),T29LP30),(CSS(2),T29 *
      LP45),(CSS(3),T29LP60)),UNIT=FCP
```

```
CHPID PATH=(CSS(2),58),SHARED, *
      PARTITION=((T29LP32,T29LP33),(=)),PCHID=500,TYPE=FCP *
CNTLUNIT CUNUMBR=1781,PATH=((CSS(2),58)),UNIT=FCP
IODEVICE ADDRESS=(1780,064),UNITADD=00,CUNUMBR=(1781),UNIT=FCP
```





# Linux SCSI Stack

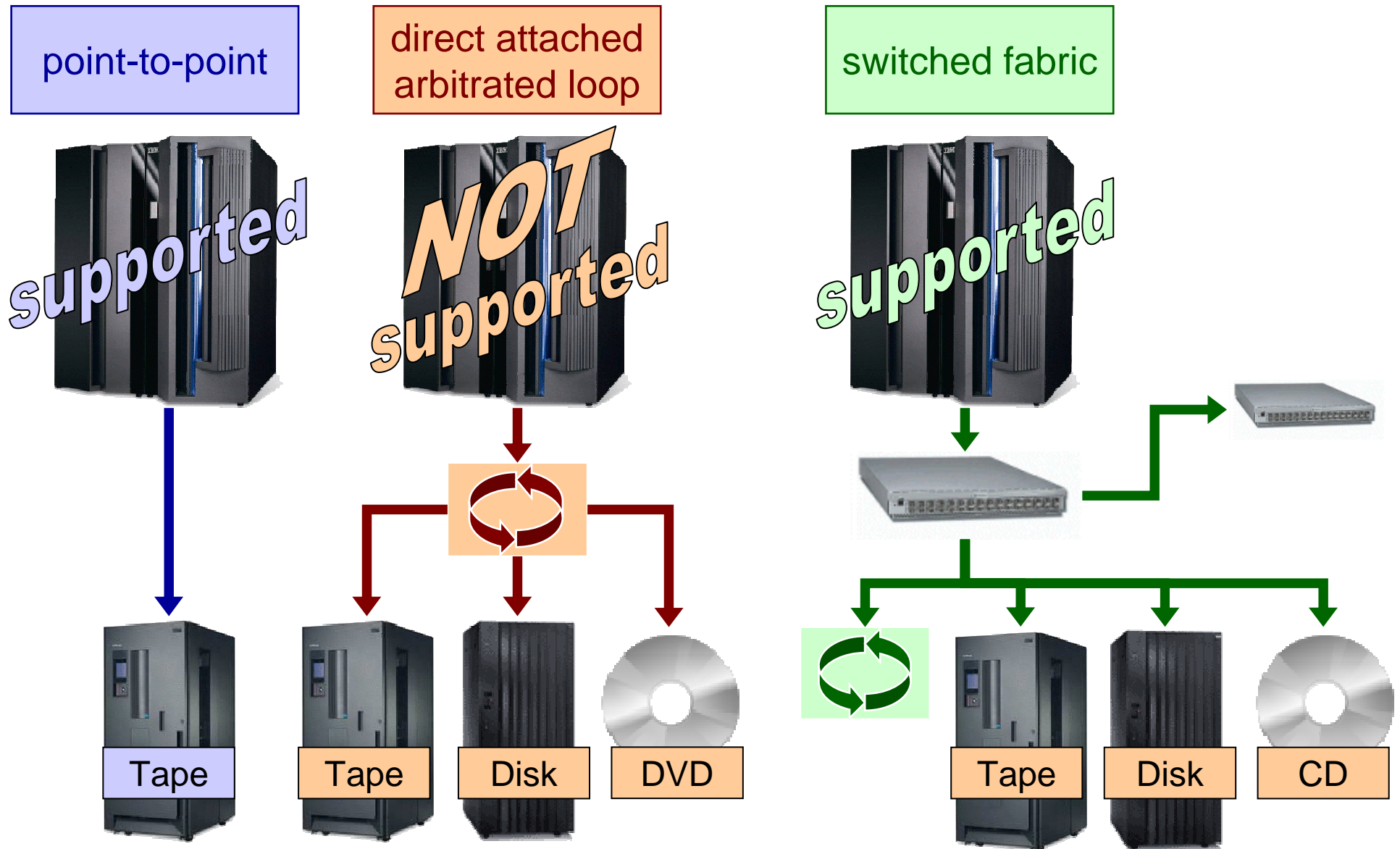


*SCSI  
Stack*

# zfcplib's Task in the Linux SCSI Stack

- o zfcplib drives the System z FCP host bus adapter.
  - maintains connections through the SAN to SCSI devices attached via a zSeries FCP adapter.
  - maps SAN devices to SCSI devices as seen by the Linux SCSI subsystem.
  - sends SCSI commands and associated data on behalf of the Linux SCSI subsystem to SCSI devices attached via a zSeries FCP adapter.
  - returns replies and data from SCSI devices to the Linux SCSI subsystem.

# zSeries in a SAN – Topologies



# Why FCP?

- Completely new set of IPL I/O devices
  - SCSI over Fiber Channel I/O devices
  - Different to any traditional z I/O device
- Additional addressing parameters
- Performance
  - FCP is much faster than FICON
  - Asynchronous I/O
  - No ECKD emulation overhead
- No disk size restrictions
- Up to 16 partitions
- Get rid of FICON topology constraints, FCP is much more flexible.



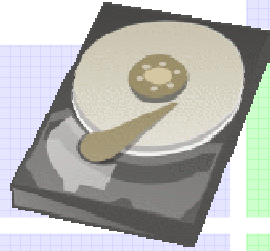
## Why FCP? – cont.

- System z integration in existing FC SANs
- Use of existing FICON infrastructure
  - FICON/FICON Express adapter cards
  - FC switches
  - Cabling
  - Storage subsystems
- Dynamic configuration
  - Adding of new storage subsystems possible without IOCCDS change
- Requires slightly more CPU than FICON
- SAN access control mechanisms only usable with NPIV (z9 only)



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# Disk Usage – ECKD and SCSI Comparison



	ECKD DASD	SCSI Disk
Configuration	IOCDS/VM (operator)	IOCDS/VM & Linux (operator & Linux admin)
Access Method	SSCH/CCW	QDIO
Block Size (Byte)	512, 1K, 2K, 4K	512
Disk Size	3390 Model 3/9	any
Formatting (low level)	dasdfmt	not necessary
Partitioning	fdasd	fdisk
File System	mke2fs (or others)	
Access	Mount	

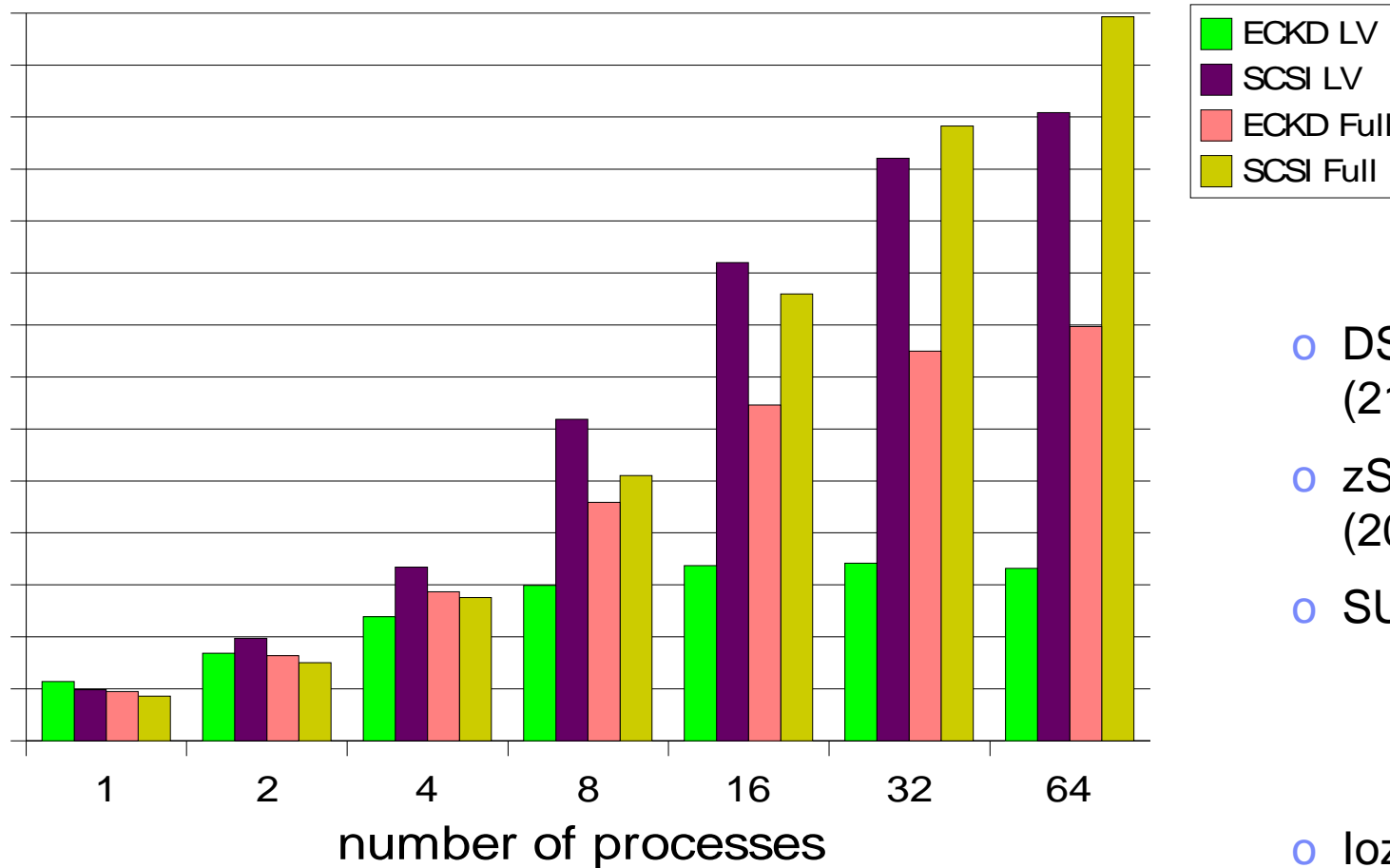
# Device Support

- IBM I/O connectivity website  
<http://www-03.ibm.com/systems/z/connectivity/products/fc.html>
- IBM TotalStorage 3590 Tape Drive
- IBM TotalStorage 3592 Tape Drive
- IBM TotalStorage 3494 Tape Library
- IBM TotalStorage 3584 Tape Library
- IBM TotalStorage DS6000
- IBM TotalStorage DS8000
- Director/Switch Support
  - CISCO MDS 9020, 9120, 9140 Fabric Switch (IBM 2061-420, 020, 040)
  - CISCO MDS 9216 (IBM 2062-D01, D1A, D1H)
  - CISCO MDS 9500 Directors (IBM 2062-D04, D07, E11)
  - CNT (INRANGE) FC/9000 Directors (2042-001, -128, -256)
  - CNT UltraNet Multi-service Director (2042-N16)
  - IBM TotalStorage SAN256N director (2045-N16)
  - IBM Total Storage SAN140M (2027-140)
  - IBM TotalStorage SAN256M (2027-256)
  - ...
  - McDATA Intrepid 6064 and 6140 Directors (2032-064, 140)
  - McDATA 3232 (IBM 2031-232)
  - McDATA Sphereon 4500 Fabric Switch (IBM 2031-224)
  - IBM TotalStorage SAN Switch (2109-F32)
  - IBM TotalStorage SAN32B-2 (2005-B32)



# Performance - FCP versus FICON

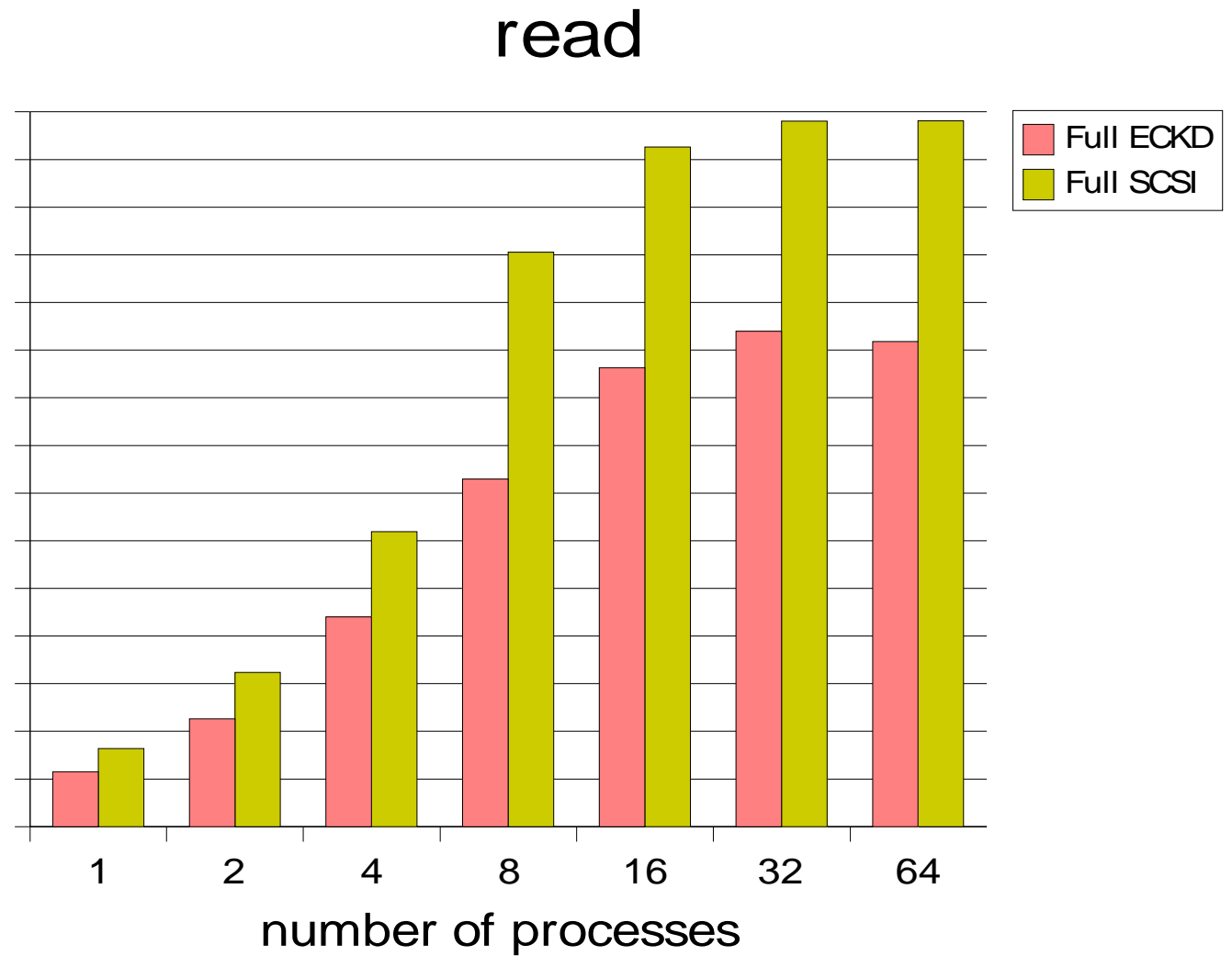
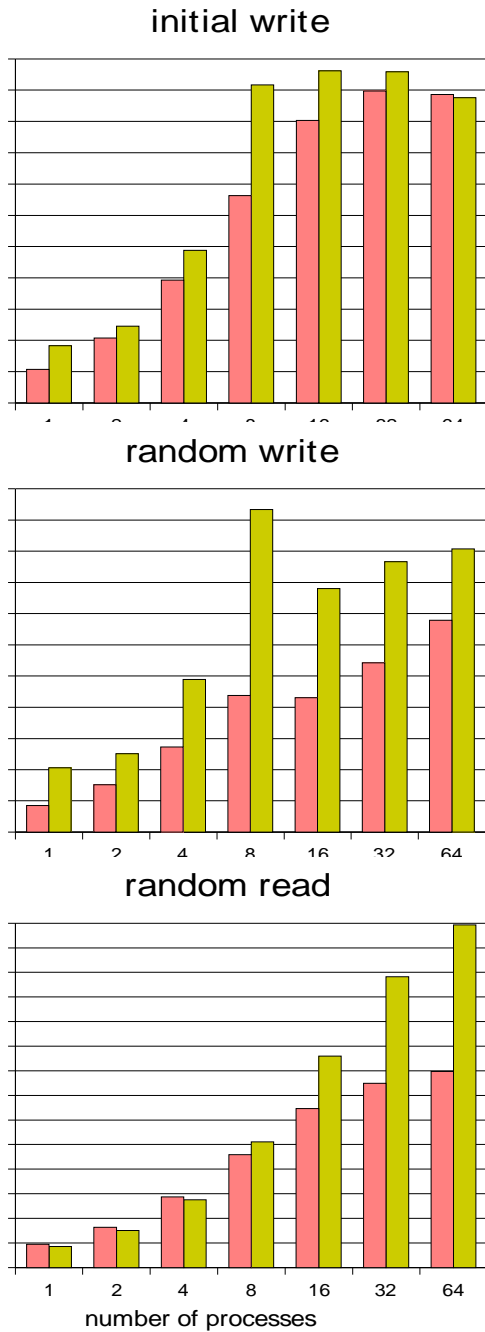
## Throughput for random readers



- DS8300 (2107-92E)
- zSeries z990 LPAR (2084-B16)
- SUSE SLES9 SP2
  - 8 CPUs
  - 8 FICON / 8 FCP
  - 256 MB
- lozone 3.96



# FCP Performance - Throughput

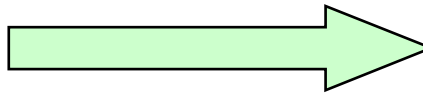


# FCP – SCSI Mapping

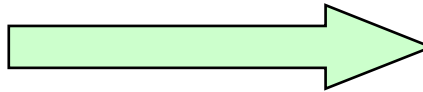
## FCP World



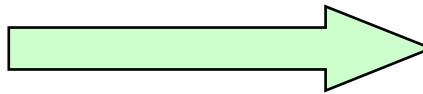
*HBA*



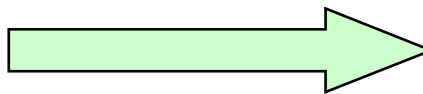
*0*



*WWPN*



*FCP LUN*



## SCSI World

*Host*



*Bus*



*SCSI ID*

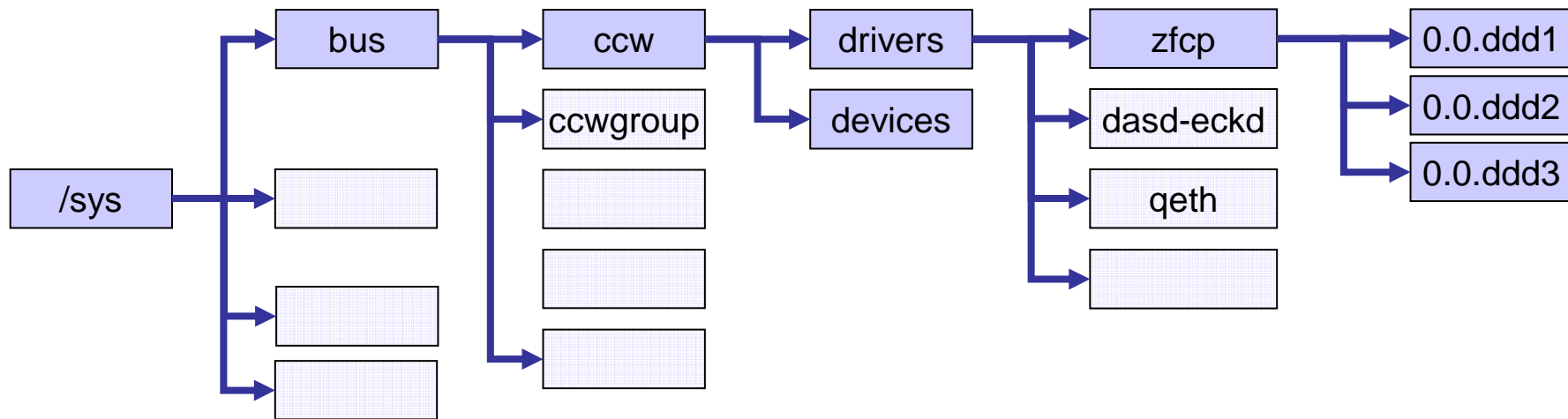


*SCSI LUN*

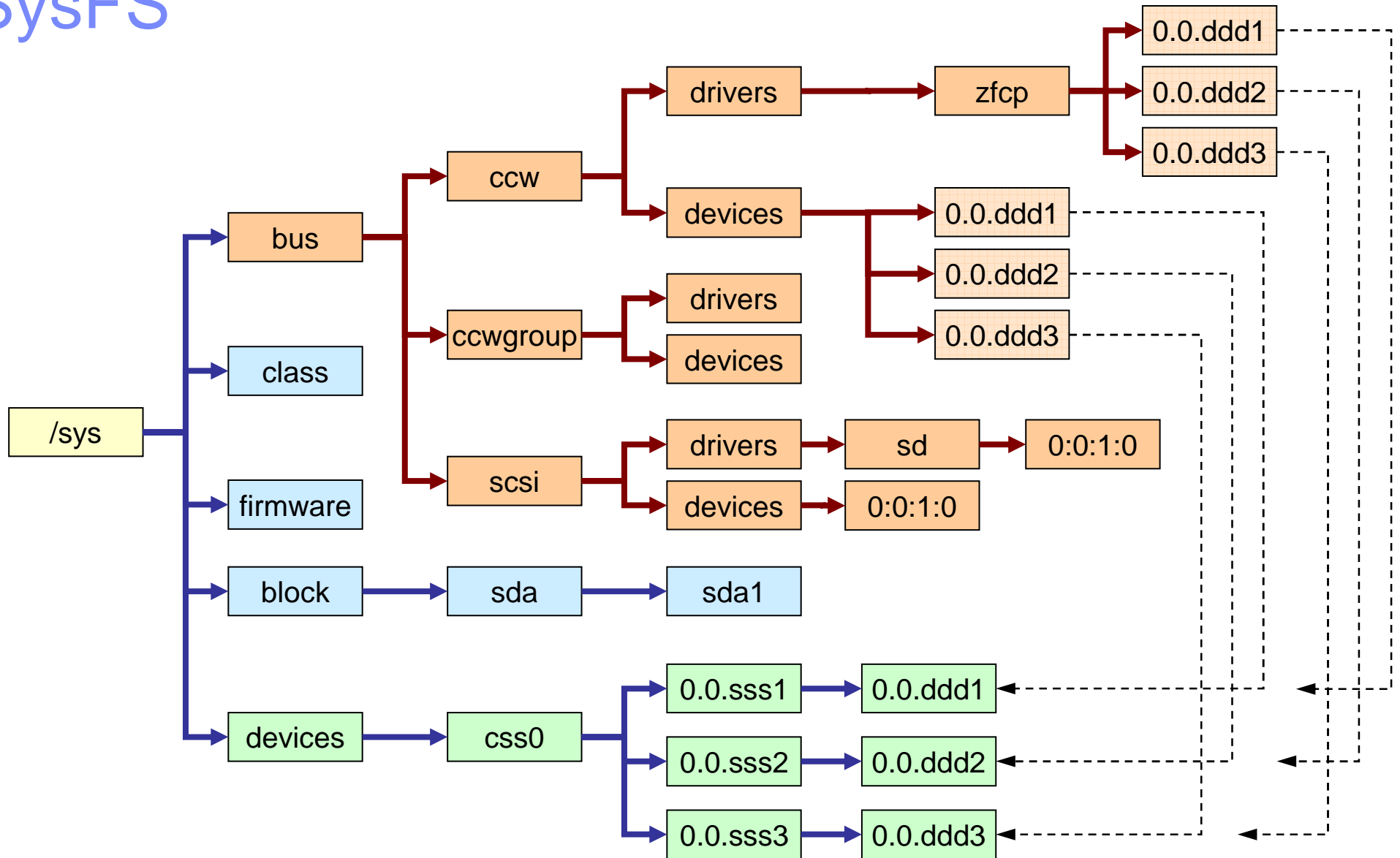


# SysFS

- New file system with Linux kernel 2.6
- Contains all device drivers and device specific information
- It is NOT a substitution of the /proc file system
- Used to configure device drivers

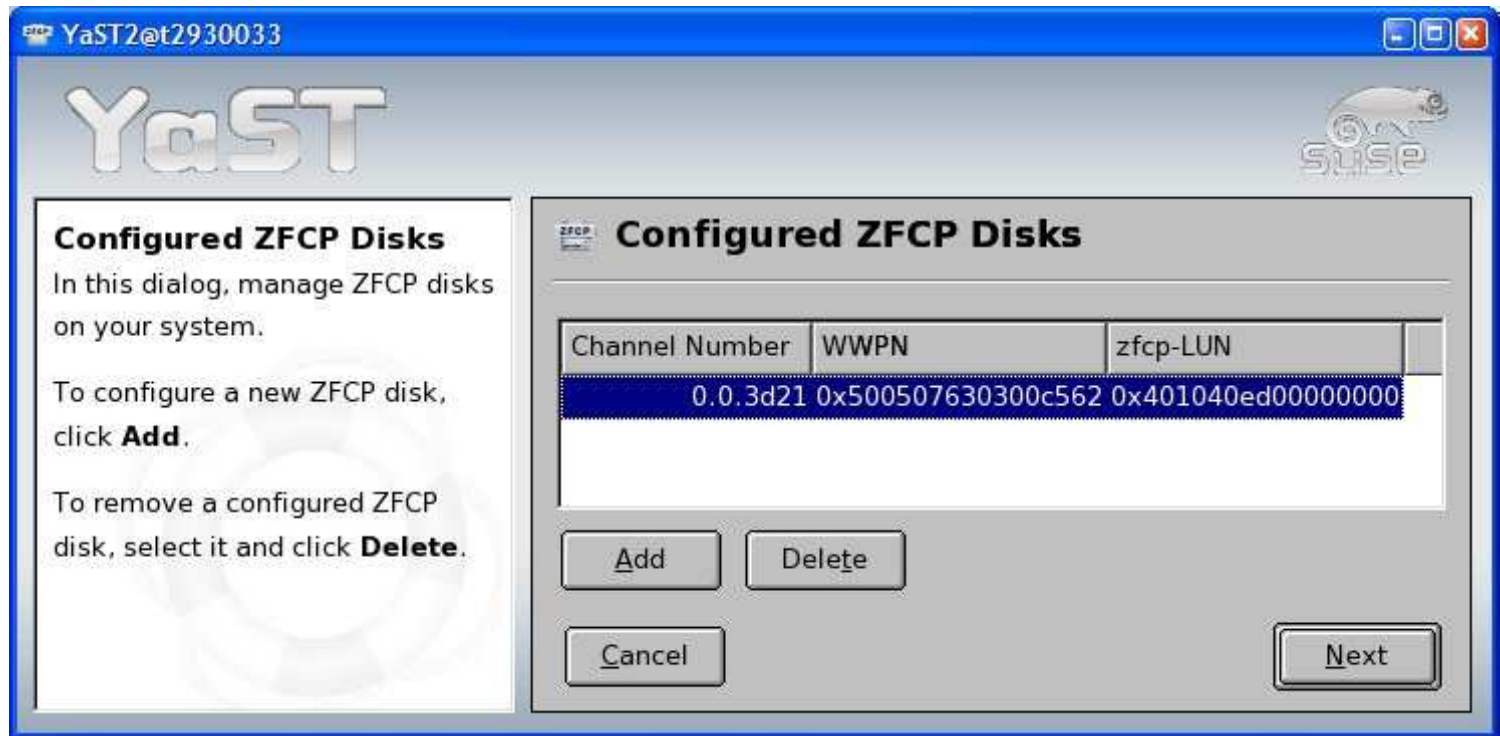


# SysFS



# zfcplib Configuration

- o SUSE: yast  
→ hardware  
→ zfcplib
- o Manual zfcplib configuration



```
# cd /sys/bus/ccw/drivers/zfcplib/0.0.5021/
0.0.5021 # echo 1 > online OR 0.0.5021 # chccwdev -e 0.0.5021
0.0.5021 # echo 0x500507630300c562 > port_add
0.0.5021 # echo 0x4011401600000000 > 0x500507630300c562/unit_add
0.0.5021 #
```

## zfcf Configuration – cont.

```

/var/log/messages
Jul 10 03:14:12 t2930033 kernel: scsil : zfcf
Jul 10 03:14:12 t2930033 kernel: zfcf: The adapter 0.0.5021 reported the following characteristics:
Jul 10 03:14:12 t2930033 kernel: WWNN 0x5005076400cd6aad, WWPN 0x5005076401008fa8, S_ID 0x00651213,
Jul 10 03:14:12 t2930033 kernel: adapter version 0x3, LIC version 0x605, FC link speed 2 Gb/s
Jul 10 03:14:12 t2930033 kernel: zfcf: Switched fabric fibrechannel network detected at adapter 5021
Jul 10 03:14:42 t2930033 kernel:   Vendor: IBM           Model: 2107900           Rev: .203
Jul 10 03:14:42 t2930033 kernel:   Type:   Direct-Access           ANSI SCSI revision: 05
Jul 10 03:14:42 t2930033 kernel: SCSI device sdb: 104857600 512-byte hdwr sectors (53687 MB)
Jul 10 03:14:42 t2930033 kernel: SCSI device sdb: drive cache: write back
Jul 10 03:14:42 t2930033 kernel:   sdb: sdb1
Jul 10 03:14:42 t2930033 kernel: Attached scsi disk sdb at scsil, channel 0, id 1, lun 0
Jul 10 03:14:42 t2930033 kernel: Attached scsi generic sgl at scsil, channel 0, id 1, lun 0, type 0
Jul 10 03:14:42 t2930033 /etc/hotplug/block.agent[4105]: new block device /block/sdb
Jul 10 03:14:42 t2930033 /etc/hotplug/block.agent[4122]: new block device /block/sdb/sdb1

```

```

# lsscsi
[0:0:1:0]    disk      IBM        2107900           .203  /dev/sda
[1:0:1:0]    disk      IBM        2107900           .203  /dev/sdb
# mount /dev/sdb1 /mnt
# df
Filesystem          1K-blocks      Used Available Use% Mounted on
/dev/sda1            5156292    1554996   3339368   32% /
tmpfs                 253272         4     253268    1% /dev/shm
/dev/sdb1            51606124   1629436   47355252    4% /mnt

```

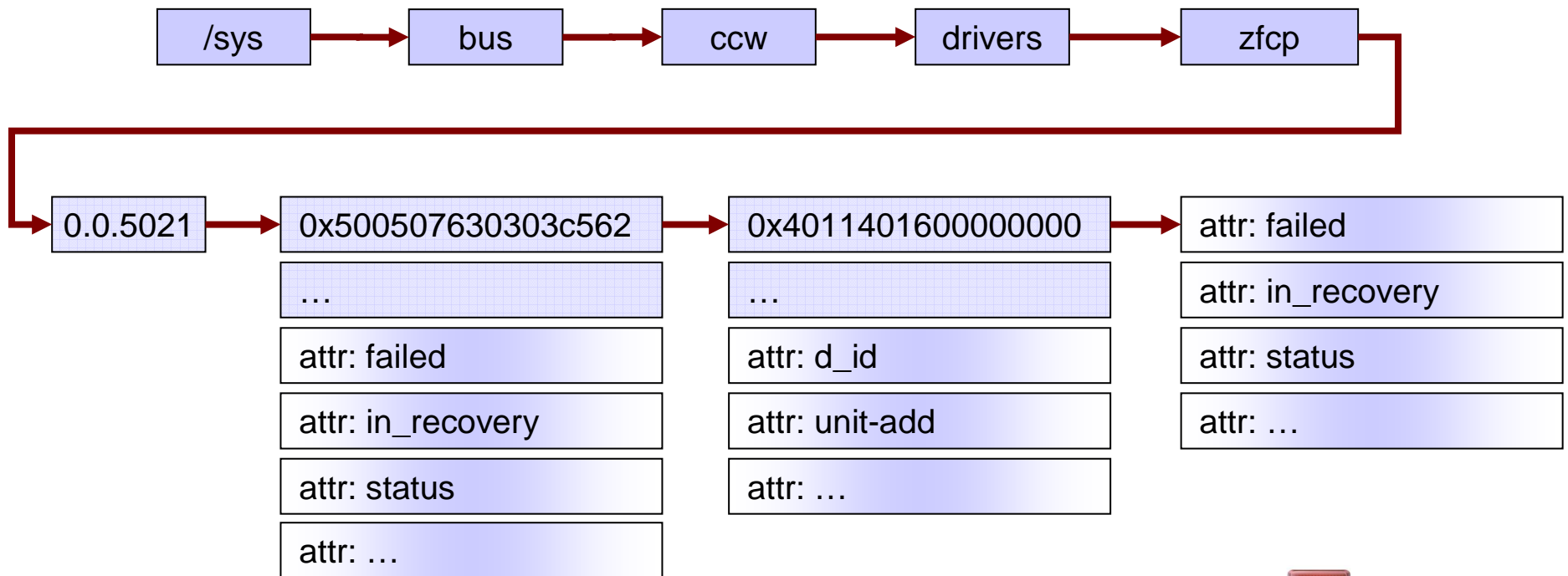
# zfcplib Configuration – cont.

**`/sys/bus/ccw/drivers/zfcplib/`**

directory for each subchannel (virtual FCP adapter, e.g. 0.0.5021)

directory for each configured target port (e.g. 0x500507630303c562)

directory for each configured FCP LUN (e.g. 0x4011401600000000)



# Adapter Information



- o <directory for each configured target port>
- o serial\_number - Adapter serial number
- o lic\_version - LIC version number
- o scsi\_host\_no - SCSI host number
- o wwnn - Worldwide node name
- o wwpn - Worldwide port name
- o fc\_topology - Fiber Channel topology
- o fc\_link\_speed - Link Speed

```
# cd /sys/bus/ccw/drivers/zfcp/0.0.3d21/
# cat serial_number
IBM020000000D6AAD
# cat lic_version
0x00000605
# cat scsi_host_no
0x0
# cat wwnn
0x5005076400cd6aad
# cat wwpn
0x5005076401c08f98
# cat fc_topology
fabric
# cat fc_link_speed
2 Gb/s
```



# Port Information



- o <directory for each FCP LUN>
- o d\_id - Destination ID
- o failed - Port error recovery status
- o in\_recovery - Recovery status
- o scsi\_id - SCSI ID
- o wwnn - Worldwide node name



```
# cd /sys/bus/ccw/drivers/zfcp/0.0.3d21/0x500507630300c562/
# ls
0x401040ed00000000 d_id failed scsi_id unit_add wwnn access_denied
detach_state in_recovery status unit_remove
# cat in_recovery
0
# cat scsi_id
0x1
# cat d_id
0x632e13
```

# Unit Information



- o `access_*` - Access Control
- o `failed` - Unit error recovery status
- o `in_recovery` - Recovery status
- o `scsi_lun` - Linux SCSI LUN
- o `status` - Unit status (debug info)



```
# cd /sys/bus/ccw/drivers/zfcp/0.0.3d21/0x500507630300c562/0x401040ed00000000/
# ls
access_denied access_readonly access_shared detach_state failed
in_recovery scsi_lun status
# cat failed
0
# cat in_recovery
0
# cat scsi_lun
0x0
# cat status
0x54000000
```

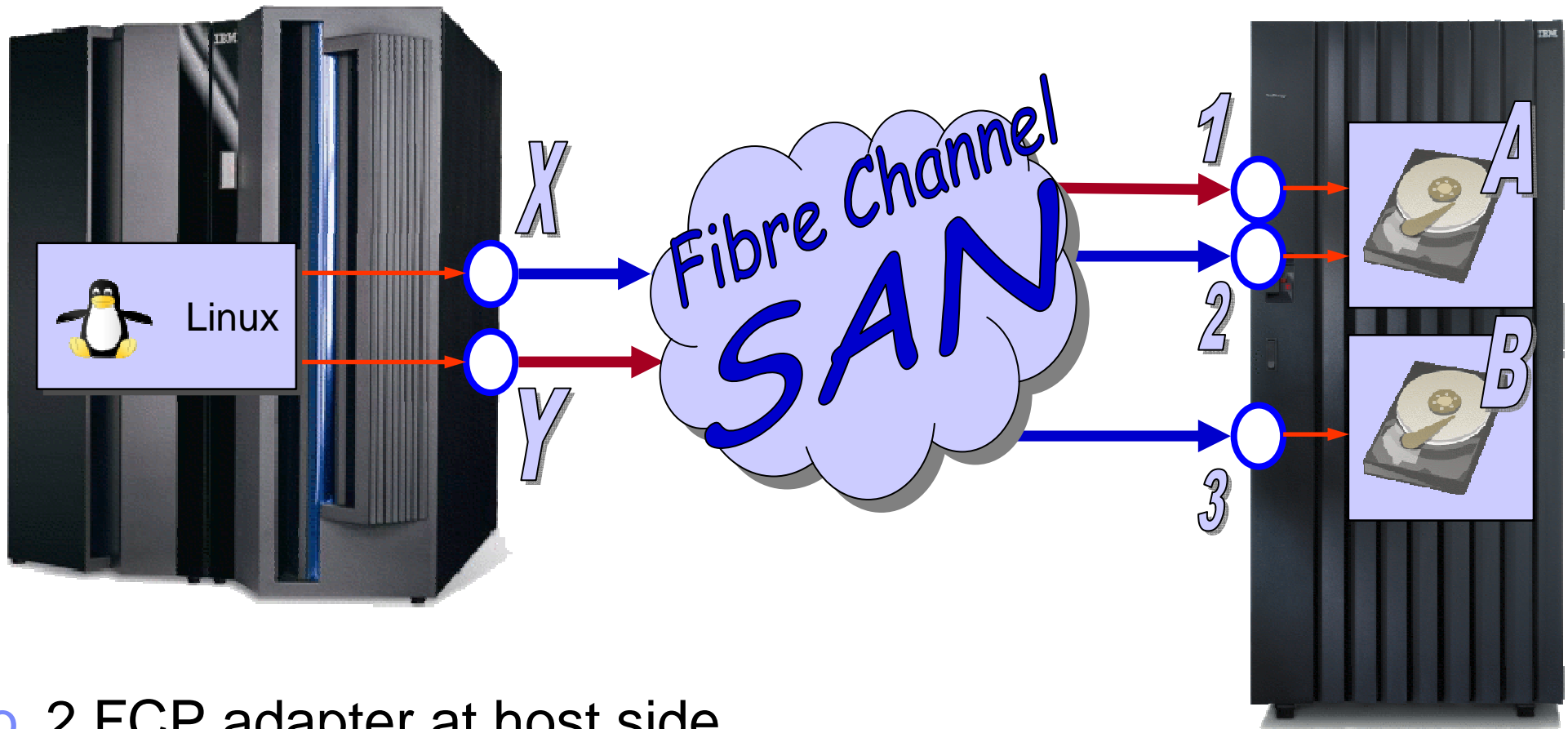
# FCP Multipathing

- “Failover” on path-failure and “failback”
- Load balancing
- Covers all block devices
  
- LVM – Logical Volume Manager
- Device Mapper subsystem in 2.6 kernel
  - EVMS – Enterprise Volume Management System
  - LVM2 – Logical Volume Manager 2
  - MP-Tools – Multipath-Tools
- MD – Multiple devices

*MP-Tools*  
*LVM*

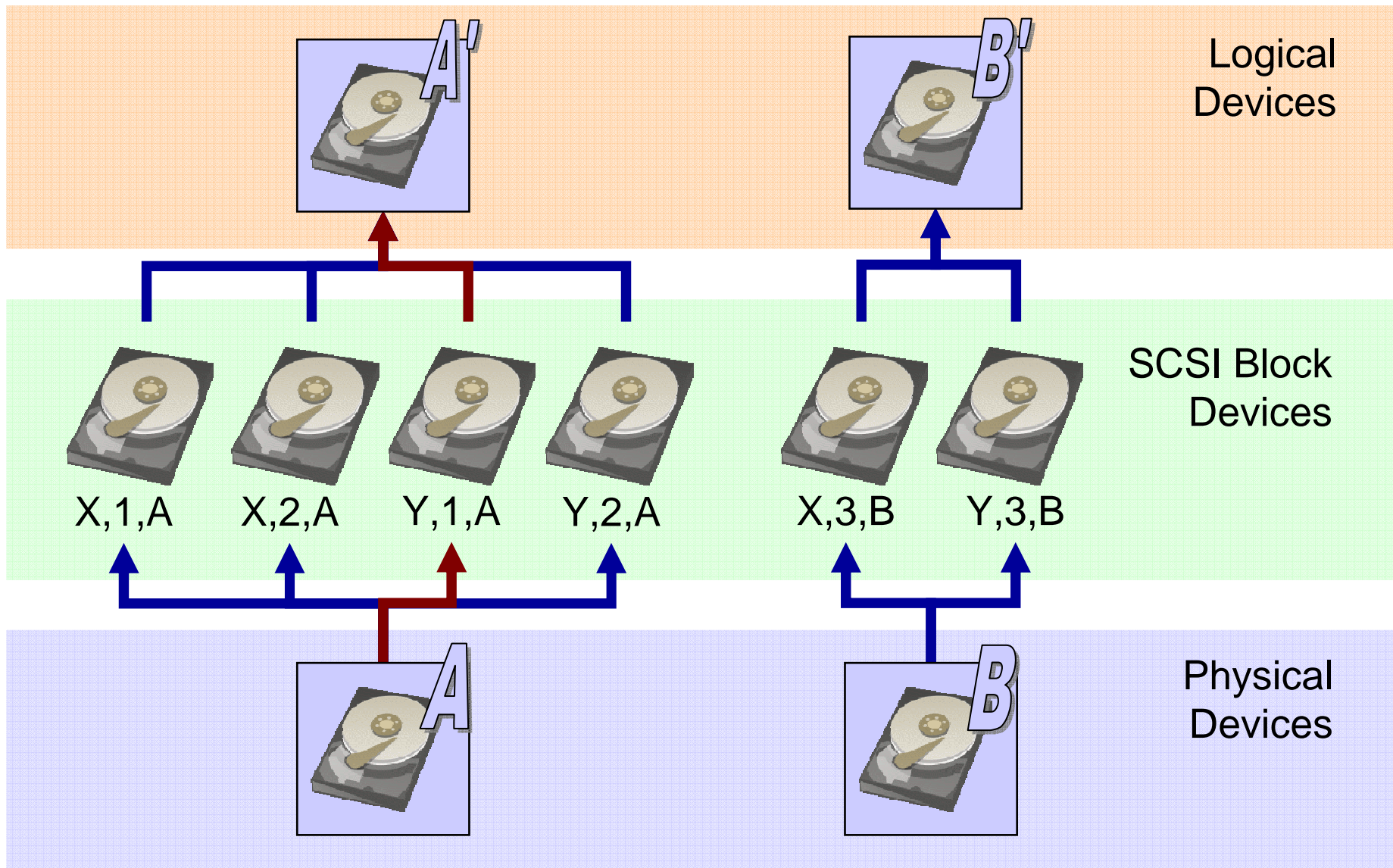
*EVMS*  
*MD*

# FCP Multipathing



- 2 FCP adapter at host side
- 3 FCP adapter at storage side
- 4 paths to disk A and 2 paths to disk B

# FCP Multipathing – Devices



# Multipath-Tools Package

```
# multipath -l
mpath0 (36005076303ffc56200000000000010ed)
[size=5 GB][features="1
  queue_if_no_path"][hwhandler="0"]
\_ round-robin 0 [active]
\_ 0:0:1:0      sda   8:0   [active]
\_ 1:0:1:0      sdb   8:16  [active]
\_ 0:0:2:0      sdc   8:32  [active]
\_ 1:0:2:0      sdd   8:48  [active]
```

```
mpath1 (IBM.75000000092461.2a00.1a)
[size=2 GB][features="0"][hwhandler="0"]
\_ round-robin 0 [active]
\_ 0:0:10778:0  dasdd 94:12 [active]
\_ 0:0:10927:0  dasde 94:16 [active]
\_ 0:0:10928:0  dasdf 94:20 [active]
\_ 0:0:10929:0  dasdg 94:24 [active]
```

```
# ls -l /dev/mapper/
total 0
crw----- 1 root root 10, 63 Jun 27 09:11 control
brw-rw---- 1 root disk 253, 4 Jun 28 07:51 mpath0
brw-rw---- 1 root disk 253, 5 Jun 28 07:51 mpath0p1
brw-rw---- 1 root disk 253, 0 Jun 27 10:05 mpath1
brw-rw---- 1 root disk 253, 3 Jun 27 10:05 mpath1p1
```

- Developed by Christophe Varoqui
- Link: <http://christophe.varoqui.free.fr/wiki/wakka.php?wiki=Home>
- RedHat: device-mapper-multipath
- SUSE: multipath-tools
- Development ongoing

# MP-Tools

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# SAN Discovery Tool



- Identification of SAN resources
  - List of host adapters, ports, units
- Helpful to uncover configuration problems
  - E.g. zoning or LUN masking problems
- Does not configure zfcplib automatically

```
# san_disc -c PORT_LIST -a 1
# Port WWN          Node WWN          DID      Type
 1 0x500507640140863c 0x5005076400cd6aad 0x650613 N_Port
 2 0x50050764010087ef 0x5005076400cd6aad 0x650713 N_Port
...
97 0x500507640140863c 0x5005076400cd6abd 0x650613 N_Port
```

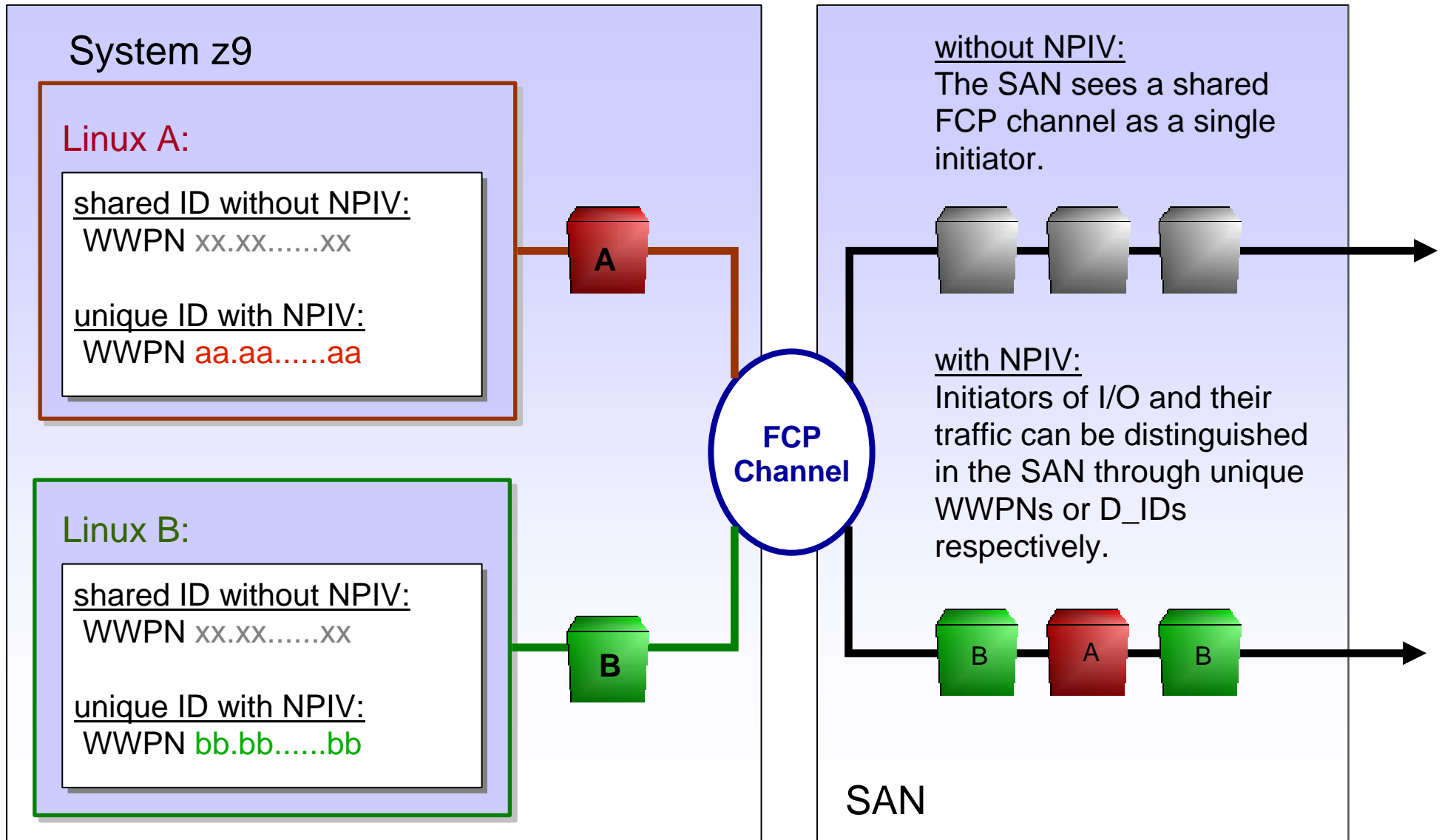
Port list

```
# san_disc -c REPORT_LUNS -a 1 -p 0x500507640140863c
Number of LUNs: 97
# LUN
 1 0x4010400000000000
 2 0x4010400100000000
...
97 0x4010406000000000
```

LUN list

# NPIV – N-Port ID Virtualization

## Unique SAN Identities!





# SCSI IPL & SCSI Dump

**Load**

CPC: P000F12B  
Image: ZFCP4

Load type:  Normal  Clear  SCSI  SCSI dump

Store status

Load address:

Load parameter:

Time-out value:  60 to 600 seconds

World wide port name:

Logical unit number:

Boot program selector:

Boot record logical block address:

OS specific load parameters:

- IPL from SCSI disks
- Dump to SCSI disks (LPAR only).
- SCSI disks expand the set of IPL'able devices
- SCSI disks as Linux root file system possible
- New set of IPL parameters.
- LPAR and z/VM guests supported.

## Requirements

- z800, z890, z900, z990, z9
- Requires enablement by FC9904
- FCP Channels
- FC attached SCSI Disks



# SCSI IPL – example z/VM

```
Ready; T=0.01/0.01 22:09:48
```

```
set loaddev port 50050763 0300C562 lun 401040EE 00000000
```

```
Ready; T=0.01/0.01 22:11:01
```

```
query loaddev
```

```
PORTNAME 50050763 0300C562 LUN 401040EE 00000000 BOOTPROG 0
```

```
BR_LBA 00000000 00000000
```

```
Ready; T=0.01/0.01 22:11:06
```

```
i 5021
```

```
00: HCPLDI2816I Acquiring the machine loader from the processor controller.
```

```
00: HCPLDI2817I Load completed from the processor controller.
```

```
00: HCPLDI2817I Now starting the machine loader.
```

```
00: MLOEVL012I: Machine loader up and running (version 0.18).
```

```
00: MLOPDM003I: Machine loader finished, moving data to final storage location.
```

```
Linux version 2.6.16-18.x.20060403-s390xdefault (wirbser@t2944002) (gcc version
```

```
4.1.0) #1 SMP PREEMPT Mon Apr 3 09:56:54 CEST 2006
```

```
We are running under VM (64 bit mode)
```

```
Detected 4 CPU's
```

```
Boot cpu address 0
```

```
Built 1 zonelists
```

```
Kernel command line: dasd=e960-e962 root=/dev/sda1 ro noinitrd
```

```
zfcplib.device=0.0.3d21,0x500507630300c562,0x401040ee00000000
```

# Summary

- FCP/SCSI support for IBM System z.
  - FCP channel based on FICON / FICON Express adapter cards.
  - FCP channel support in z/VM 4.3 and higher for Linux guests.
  - First FCP/SCSI exploitation for System z in SLES8 and RHEL3.
- Integration of your zSeries into standard based FC SANs.
- New device types.
- Three addressing parameters instead of one
- Performance and other advantages compared to ECKD
- Without NPIV: No LUN sharing or zoning on a single adapter → use separate physical adapters
- With NPIV: SAN access control mechanisms (z9 only)
- Helpful SAN Discovery Tool

# Useful Links



- I/O Connectivity on IBM zSeries mainframe servers
  - <http://www-03.ibm.com/systems/z/connectivity/>
- Getting Started with zSeries Fiber Channel Protocol, IBM Redpaper
  - <http://www.redbooks.ibm.com/redpapers/pdfs/redp0205.pdf>
- z/VM
  - Version 5.2: <http://www.vm.ibm.com/zvm520/>
- Introducing N\_Port Identifier Virtualization for IBM System z9 (Redpaper)
  - <http://www.redbooks.ibm.com/redpapers/pdfs/redp4125.pdf>
- How to use FC-attached SCSI devices with Linux on System z
  - <http://download.boulder.ibm.com/ibmdl/pub/software/dw/linux390/docu/l26cts00.pdf>
- Linux for IBM System z
  - <http://www-128.ibm.com/developerworks/linux/linux390/>
- Linux for IBM System z Device Drivers Book and other documentation
  - [http://www-128.ibm.com/developerworks/linux/linux390/april2004\\_documentation.html](http://www-128.ibm.com/developerworks/linux/linux390/april2004_documentation.html) (SLES9)
  - [http://www-128.ibm.com/developerworks/linux/linux390/october2005\\_documentation.html](http://www-128.ibm.com/developerworks/linux/linux390/october2005_documentation.html) (SLES10)
- IBM TotalStorage Tape Device Drivers – Installation and User's Guide
  - <ftp://ftp.software.ibm.com/storage/devdrv/Doc/>
- IBM disk systems
  - <http://www-03.ibm.com/servers/storage/disk/>
- linuxvm.org
  - <http://www.linuxvm.org/>

# Making Your Penguins Fly

## Introduction to SCSI over FCP for Linux on System z

# Questions?



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